THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1894. No. 112

THE ONLY
ALWAYS OPEN
PHARMACY
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
......47 Government Street.

253
Mantles, Jackets, Capes
ARRIVED TO-DAY AND WILL BE ON VIEW TUESDAY, MAY 1.

This shipment, added to 217 already received this spring, makes the largest and best assortment we have ever shown. Most of the garments are "Specialties"—only one of a kind, and being direct from the manufacturers, can—and will—be sold at prices which are charged for inferior goods.

☞Ladies who have waited for this line will please call as soon as convenient and make selection.

THE WESTSIDE,
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Victoria, April 28, 1894.

Every Lady in town will want a pair of those nice laced Dongola boots with patent tips which we are selling at

$1.75 per Pair.

They satisfy the desire to be dressy and are not hard on the pocket-book; they last long, and as long as they last they keep the shape of the last.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

WEILER BROS., Have Received
Per Steamship Mogul
3,600 YARDS of
JAPANESE MATTING
ALL KINDS AND PRICES, FINE ASSORTMENT.

We have also received some Printed Toilet Sets, Demijohns, Butter Crocks, Filters, Etc. Other goods constantly arriving.
FORT STREET. VICTORIA.

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

I.X.L.--The Best Steel Range Made.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 116 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

WANTED—Girl, 14 or 15, for general housework. Apply Box 311, City. m5-2t

GOOD LIVE AGENTS WANTED who will go out and rustle for the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association. Apply in person to G. G. Bigger, Prov. Manager, Brunswick Hotel.

WILL THE TWO YOUNG LADIES seen last evening go to Sampson's Book Exchange. Novels sold at half price; Exchanged for 5cts. each.

WANTED—To purchase a six-roomed house for cash; state full particulars. Address "Alf," Times office. m5-2t

GRAND BALL.

The Annual Ball of the N. and S. Saanich Agricultural Society will take place on the evening of FRIDAY, MAY 11. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Tickets for lady and gentleman, $1.50, including supper. Music by City band. m5-1w

GRENVILLE P. KLEISER
AT Y.M.C.A. HALL
Tuesday and Wednesday May 8th and 9th
Admission 50c.

A Complete Victory.

To the Public:—In response to my challenge published in both daily papers a few days ago, a person signing himself John R. Evort, caused to be published in the Daily Times a card announcing his acceptance of my challenge.

I published in this morning's Colonist (Friday) a request that Mr. Evort meet me, to arrange for the debate, at 6 p.m., at the office of that paper. Promptly on time I was at the meeting place. Mr. Evort did not show up. I have every reason to believe that no such person as John R. Evort exists at all, and this was nothing but a big bluff on the part of rival agents.

I think I can, with entire consistency, announce a complete victory for the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association over its defamers.

In conclusion I wish to state, however, that there are several Life Insurance Agents in this city who have taken no part whatever in the attack against the company which I represent. Those gentlemen have my deepest respect.

My challenge was issued particularly to those agents who have been active in decrying our company in this city. That they have failed dismally in their purpose I think the public can plainly see.

Very respectfully,
G. G. BIGGER,
Provincial Manager Massachusetts Benefit Life Association.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.
Allan Line, Laurentian............May 12
Allan Line, Parisian............May 19
Dominion Line, Vancouver............May 12
Dominion Line, Oregon............May 19
Beaver Line, Lake Nepigon............May 16
Beaver Line, Lake Superior............May 23
From New York.
Cunard Line, Umbria............May 12
Cunard Line, Campania............May 19
White Star, Britannic............May 9
White Star, Majestic............May 16
American Line, New York............May 9
American Line, Paris............May 16
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Elbe............May 12
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree............May 15
Anchor Line, Circassia............May 19
Anchor Line, City of Rome............May 20
Red Star Line, Noordland............May 9
Red Star Line, Waesland............May 16

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $23 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to
J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

THERE WAS ROGUERY

Some More Very Interesting Revelations

ABOUT NORTHERN PACIFIC AFFAIRS

A Letter of Instructions to Mr. Boutelle—Cool Distribution of Offices and Favors—A Forced Lease That Realized Millions—Crooked Operations on a Mammoth Scale.

New York, May 5.—The Tribune has another long article this morning in regard to the affairs of the N. P. R. It is in part as follows:

The master in chancery appointed by the Wisconsin court to take testimony in N. P. R. litigation is expected to begin hearings in this city next Wednesday. There is a prospect of sensational testimony unless there is a dearth of witnesses, resulting from the absence of men who were formerly connected with the Villard regime, either as directors or counsel of the N. P. R. Enough documentary evidence has been unearthed by the present officers of the company to encourage them in the hope that they may achieve success in proceedings for the restitution of alleged illegally diverted funds.

The absence of Charles S. Colby, Henry Villard and David S. Wegg is regretted by the plaintiffs in the proceedings, but there is said to be enough material on hand in the expected testimony of other witnesses and documents that have been discovered to make the proceeding one of the most interesting that has ever been instituted in the history of railroad controversy.

The progress of proceedings begun by the present management of the N. P. for a review of the acts of the past management has been attended by significant movements among the Chicago and N. P. stockholders. The annual meeting of the company is held on March 1, acording to the regulations of the company. The meeting this year was adjourned to April 1. No meeting was held on that date, but soon afterwards Judge Jenkins, of the Wisconsin court, which has the N. P. under its jurisdiction, granting the authority for the taking of testimony in the proceedings for the removal of Thomas F. Oakes as receiver, proceedings intended to reach Henry Villard, C. L. Colby, Edwin H. Abbott, Colgate Hoyt, and others concerned in the N. P. management. After Judge Jenkins had allowed the master in chancery to begin his investigation a meeting of the Chicago and N. P. stockholders was held on April 16th, and Mr. Wegg retired as president and Henry S. Boutelle as secretary. Mr. Wegg sailed for Europe, and Mr. Boutelle, while still in the country, could not be found when the plaintiff tried to serve a subpoena a short time ago.

These changes in the management of the Chicago and N. P. R. R. were all followed by the necessity of one of the receivers of the road appealing to the Wisconsin court in order to secure access to the books, papers and documents which they alleged were witheld by William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the receivers of the Northern Pacific. The reorganization of the Northern Pacific railway has been held in check by the developments which followed the overthrow of the Villard management last October. The stockholders took possession of the property after the company had been placed in the hands of receivers in August, and they have been struggling ever since to obtain some voice in the management as directed by the court. If the present managers can win their suits against the former directors they will be able to recover property worth millions of dollars.

This restitution may make a great difference in the companies cash necessities and change materially the terms of the treatment in any re-organization plan of the different classes of securities and the stock. The present managers, who are seeking a restoration of funds alleged to have been improperly diverted have offered no definite plan of re-construction, and will not do so until they know whether the courts will confirm the past record of the Villard interests.

The N. P. people have just put in evidence before the master in chancery, who is now taking testimony in the pending proceedings, a letter which reads like a page of romance. To understand its tenor the following facts must be recited:

In 1885, it is alleged, Colgate Hoyt, Edwin H. Abbott and Chas. L. Colby, began buying up property in Chicago, with the view to the organization of a big terminal company. In 1889, after Henry Villard had returned to this country with fresh foreign capital to invest in the N P., there was a hot controversy among the company's managers over the proposition to lease the Chicago and Northern Pacific Railway, which had absorbed the property gathered by Hoyt-Abbott-Colby combination. The lease was opposed by Frederick Billings, Robert Harrison, John U. Brookins and Brayton Ives, all of whom were omitted from the board of directors by the Villard party in the following October election. The board had, in May, 1889, agreed to a traffic arrangement with the Chicago and Northern Pacific that did not impose any penalty upon the Northern Pacific. In April, 1890, after the objecting creditors had been expelled from the Northern Pacific, a lease was made of the Chicago and Northern Pacific property which, according to the report of the receivers of the Northern Pacific, has cost the last-named road two million dollars and a half for its operation.

This lease was declared to have been saddled upon the Northern Pacific property at a profit to the Hoyt-Colby-Abbott-Villard syndicate of millions of dollars. The Chicago terminals which went with the lease, were acquired through a consolidation of Chicago and Great Western, the Bridgeport and South Chicago, and the Chicago, Harlem and Batavia railway companies. In the following letter the names of these companies are abbreviated to initials. This letter is one sent by David S. Wegg, counsel of the Northern Pacific, from New York to Henry S. Boutelle in Chicago, and it tells a story of the preparations made a month before the lease of the Chicago and Northern Pacific to the Northern Pacific.

Following is the letter in full:

New York, March 3, 1890.
Henry S. Boutelle, Esq., Room 415, First National Bank Building, Chicago, Illinois.:

My Dear Boutelle: Please have the Chicago & N P. R. R. Co. organized immediately upon receipt of this letter. Have the stock subscribed, one share each, by necessary dummies, and the entire balance of stock subscribed by a dummy, who will hold it really for the benefit of a company, and after subscribing and receiving the stock deliver it into the treasury of the company in the manner talked of by Mr. Hoyt, yourself and myself. Select a board of directors there if you can, none of whom shall be directors of the C. and W. B. and S. C., or C. H. and B., although you may have the same directors in the last three companies, as these three companies don't deal with one another, and their boards of directors may be identical.

Make Henry S. Hawley president of the new company. He has been selected by Mr. Colby as the person to sign the bonds, and when the time comes for such signature it will need his presence in New York from six weeks to two months. Elect yourself secretary, which position I understand your are to permanently hold. Unless in the signing of the bonds here in New York, the situation of affairs in your family will be such as to make it requisite for you to resign temporarily and have your place filled by some one here, who can sign the bonds if you are unable to be here for that purpose. Make John Tenney of Philadelphia treasurer. Select for the other three directors men upon whom you can rely.

Enclosed were further instructions as to how the combination should be effected and the transfer of the titles made.

New York, May 5.—The net earnings of the Northern Pacific since the appointment of receivers on August 16th to the last day of February, 1894, amounted to a little over two million and a half dollars.

The friends of Charles L. Colby deny that his departure for Europe on Wednesday was influenced by any considerations in connection with the N. P. litigation.

THROUGH LABRADOR

Explorer Low Sends a Letter From the Unknown Wilds of the North.

Wonderful Scenery—Desolation and Starvation—Perils of the Travellers.

Quebec, May 5.—A letter just received here from A. P. Low, leader of the government exploring party that left Lake St. John in June last in the endeavor to reach Urgava Bay by traversing the entire Labrador peninsula from south to north, fully confirms the story current in December last that the party had succeeded in reaching Urgava Bay, but had found it necessary to proceed thence by the Hudson Bay company's steamer to Hamilton Inlet, because the scarcity of provisions rendered it impossible for them to winter there.

The reports that more than two hundred Indians in the vicinity of Urgava Bay had died of starvation during the preceding winter were also fully corroborated. It took nearly five months for the letter in question to reach Quebec, but it gives a most graphic and interesting description of the perils of the journey of the expedition through the interior of Labrador, and of the magnificent canyons in the Campscow river, and other natural wonders encountered on the way.

During the present summer Mr. Low and party will endeavor to cross Labrador from east to west, a much harder trip than that from south to north, but he speaks hopefully of his prospects of success.

COURTESIES TO REED.

The Australian Minister Seeing the Sights of Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 5.—Hon. Mr. Reed, minister of defense for Victoria, had a private electric car set apart for himself by the Ottawa Electric Tramway company to see the city.

An unrevised statement of revenue accruing during the month of March has been made in the inland revenue department, and shows the total receipts for the month to have been $1,147,737, as compared with $687,550 accrued during March of last year.

Members of parliament, press gallery and press men visiting the capital are to attend the annual dinner at the Russell house on Saturday evening. His Excellency the Governor-General has caused the intimation to be forwarded that their excellencies will be pleased to invite them to the garden party this afternoon.

The consolidated revenue fund during April amounted to $2,492,538, compared with $3,120,905 during April, 1893. The expenditure in March was $2,183,024; in March, 1893, it was $2,318,023. Compared with the ten months of 1892 the revenue for the corresponding period of the present fixed year shows a shrinkage of over half a million dollars.

Wholesale Revenge.

Oakland, Cal., May 5.—A boy, aged 16, known as Joe, in revenge for some fancied wrong, put a box of rat poison in the sugar bowl of a farmer named McClellan, by whom he was employed, and caused the poisoning of McClellan, his wife and several children. Being accused he eventually confessed the crime. Antidotes were hastily administered to the suffering family, all of whom were fortunately recovered. The boy was arrested and charged with attempt to murder.

WANTPEARL HARBOR

The American Government's Representatives

AT PRESENT IN HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

Make no Bones About Their Intentions—The Harbor Will Undoubtedly Become an American Naval Station—Apathy of the Natives Regarding Elections.

San Francisco, May 5.—The United Press correspondent at Honolulu, writing under date of April 28th, says:

All continues quiet. There was a report that representatives of other powers had filed protests at the foreign office against the occupation of Pearl Harbor by the United States, but it proved to be a royalist fabrication. Admiral Walker, who arrived on the 12th, applied himself promptly to gaining information about Pearl Harbor. On the 24th, Admirals Walker and Irwin went to Pearl City, where they spent the day in cruising about harbor. Lieut. Woods is ordered to make further borings on the bar to fully establish the probable fact that the obstruction consists in all parts only of sand and mud, easily moved by the suction dredge. Government is furnishing the material required for the work. Admiral Walker is apparently in earnest to prepare for the occupation of the harbor for a naval station. Nothing more has transpired as to any special mission he may have at Honolulu.

The election of delegates to the constitutional convention takes place three days hence. Registration of voters closed on the 21st. In this city the total registered was 1507, which is about three-fifths of the number who voted at last election. The majority of these failing to take the oath and register are natives. They are under orders from the Queen's adherents not to participate in the election. District clubs of the American Union party have co-operated in nominating their six delegates from this island. Five independent candidates are also nominated and their names will be printed on the Australian ballots. All of them are supporters of the provisional government. Everything is quiet and in good order. Indications are that the government will be re-organized under a new constitution with little friction, and will go on without disturbance.

Admiral Irwin, who was relieved by Admiral Walker, and Paul Neumann, the ex-Queen's chief adviser, were passengers on the steamer Australia which arrived from Honolulu this morning. Admiral Irwin says that the natives are restless. The provisional government is in a precarious condition and an uprising is probable at any time. Neumann refused to state his mission, but passengers on the steamer say he is going to Washington.

The government are taking action with the Planters' Labor Supply Co. to send an agent to the Azores to secure the importation of Portuguese laborers from those islands.

Councils have been at work on the appropriation bill for the coming biennial period, the present one having nearly expired. The section relating to salaries is completed. Reductions in salaries amounting to $50,000 have been made in view of hard times and diminished incomes of all classes in consequence of the low prices of sugar.

The senate is considering the treaty carrying into effect the award of the court of arbitration at Paris; also questions of damages for the seizure of vessels in Behring Sea. Government regulations in regard to vessels employed in seal fishing require among other things the employment of competent hunters and proper arms to exempt from seizure vessels now at sea not violating the law.

EUROPEAN ECHOES.

The World's Exposition at Antwerp Opened To-day.

Antwerp, May 5.—The world's exposition was formally opened here to-day.

Munich, May 5.—Baron Kueb[…]rna, director of a travelling circus, was arrested to-day charged with trampling his sister almost to death, seriously stabbing his wife and a number of other persons, and five ponies. He stabbed two gens d'armes before he could be overpowered.

Rome, May 5.—The pope's coming encyclical appeals to Christians of all creeds to preserve peace and strive for unity.

Berlin, May 5.—A thunder storm in the town of Jauer to-day caused the overflow of the river Neisse. The water carried away a number of bridges and houses. Several persons were drowned, and the damage amounts to several million dollars.

IN TERRIBLE DANGER.

The Unfortunate Parish of St. Albans Again Threatened.

Quebec, May 5.—A telegram from St. Albans says: A fresh disaster, still more calamitous than that of last Friday morning, threatens the parish of St. Albans, in the shape of a vast lake, said to be 150 feet deep, which has been created by the formation of a huge dyke above the parish church. If the dyke gives way, as seems probable, the consequences will be most disastrous.

Breckinridge's Campaign.

Lexington, Ky., May 5.—Col. Breckinridge was astir early this morning. In an interview he said he would open the campaign in Paris on Monday. Prof. Gresham, of the state college, publishes a card endorsing Breckinridge.

Breckinridge delivered a speech here today. He touched on the issues of the day and then referred to his trial. He said he had confessed his guilt openly and he had no justification, no palliation and asked no sympathy. "If some one else," he continued, "can better represent you, you had better choose him."

MR. BROWN'S BANISHMENT.

Frank Barnard Becomes Mr. Davie's Champion and Writes to Sir Caron, P.M.G.

Who Says: "It Was I With My Little Hatchet, I Killed Cock Robin."

Ottawa, May 4.—Subjoined is certain correspondence which has passed between Mr. F.S. Barnard, M.P., and Sir Adolphe Caron, postmaster-general. Mr. Barnard's letter bears the date of May 1st:

"My Dear Sir,—I observe that the opposition press in British Columbia, in commenting on the determination of Mr. J. C. Brown, postmaster of New Westminster, not to become a candidate at the forthcoming provincial elections, intimate that such determination on the part of Mr. Brown was not voluntary, but was the result of influence exercised by the Hon. Theodore Davie or his friends in the Dominion house, with you to induce you to prevent Mr. Brown from becoming a candidate. Will you kindly place me in possession of the facts, as I can hardly realize that Mr. Davie or any member of parliament attaches sufficient importance to Mr. Brown or his candidature to have used the means suggested to prevent it.

"I am yours truly,
"F. S. BARNARD."

Sir Adolphe replied as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Barnard: I have to acknowledge yours of to-day's date, in which you state that the opposition press in B. C., in commenting on the determination of Mr. J. C. Brown, postmaster at New Westminster, not to become a candidate in the forthcoming provincial elections, intimate that such determination on the part of Mr. Brown was not voluntary, but was the result of influences exercised by Hon. Mr. Davie or his friends in the Dominion house to induce me to prevent Mr. Brown from becoming a candidate.

"In answer, I have to say that Mr. Davie, directly or indirectly, never communicated with me in reference to the matter, nor did any of his friends here. The sole reason why I interfered in the matter was as follows: It is found in the department very inconvenient that the principal permanent officers, such as postmasters of New Westminster, should take from the work of their office a portion of their time to give to another calling, the more especially in the case of Mr. Brown, who for several years was not interfered with in his political pursuits, and I thought the sitting of parliament and the work incident upon the elections much take much more of his time than I considered right and proper should be taken from the postoffice work. We claim that the whole of the time of postmasters in such centres as Westminster city should be devoted to the public service.

"Under these circumstances I felt constrained, in order to avoid making other arrangements for the postmastership of New Westminster, to ask Mr. Brown if he intended to devote the whole of his time to the postoffice, and this is the only reason which induced me to write as I did to Mr. Brown; but the letter I wrote, a copy of which I enclose, was a very kind and friendly letter, rather giving advice than commanding, as I think you will agree after reading it. The way I came to hear of his being in public life, which I ignored up to that time, was by reading a paragraph in the Daily Columbian, giving a programme, I think, of political meetings to be addressed by him. These are the circumstances which dictated my action in relation to the matter referred to in your letter.

"Believe me, yours truly,
(Sgd.) ADOLPHE P. CARON."

The following is a copy of the Postmaster-General's letter to Mr. Brown:

"My Dear Sir: I hope you will not consider this in the light of an official letter from the Postmaster-General. I enclose you a cutting from the Daily Columbian. In that cutting it appears that it is your intention to seek parliamentary honors. I personally do not know whether this is true or not, and my writing you is more to give you friendly advice than to command. I find it departmentally very inconvenient that principal permanent officers, such as yourself, should take from the work of the office a portion of their time to give to any other pursuit.

"In your case especially the sitting of parliament and the work incident upon the elections, as we both know, must take much more of your time than I consider it right or proper should be taken from postoffice work. We claim that the whole of the time of postmasters in such centres as New Westminster should be devoted to the public service. Under these circumstances I would feel obliged to you if you would convey to me an intimation of what you intend to do, as I fear that in the case of your wishing to remain in public life I would have to make other arrangements for the postmastership in New Westminster. I hope you will take my letter in the spirit which has dictated it, and

"Believe me, yours truly,
(Sgd.) "ADOLPHE P. CARON."

THE CURRENCY CONFERENCE.

Prolonged Cheering Greets the Message from the United States.

London, May 4.—At yesterday's session of the international bimetallic conference, Sir William H. Houldsworth read a paper on the effect upon agriculturists, manufacturers, wage earners, merchants, bankers and investors of the fall of the general level of prices.

M. Thierry, a French delegate, warmly urged the establishment of an international bimetallic league. The proposal was cordially supported.

The following cable message was read to the conference:

"We desire to express our cordial sympathy with the movement to promote the restoration of silver by international agreement. We believe the free coinage of both gold and silver by international agreement with a fixed ratio would secure to mankind the blessing of a sufficient volume of bimetallic money, and, what is hardly of less importance, secure to the world of trade immunity from violent exchange fluctuations."

The document is signed by the following United States senators who voted for the repeal of the Sherman silver law: John Sherman, W. B. Allison, D. W. Voorhees, George F. Hoar, Nelson W. Aldrich, David B. Hill, Edward Murphy, A. P. Gorman, O. H. Platt, Calvin Brice, Joseph M. Carey, William P. Frye, C. K. Davis, S. M. Cullom, Henry Cabot Lodge.

The message was received with prolonged cheering. Sir David Barbour, ex-secretary of the Indian council, dwelt upon the injury which India had sustained in consequence of the fall in the price of silver. The council adopted the proposal of H. R. Grenfell that a deputation of bimetallists wait upon every candidate at the next general election in order to ascertain the opinion of such candidates upon the silver question with the view of supporting or opposing them.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

The Chief Authority on Trade Matters Reviews the Situation.

New York, May 5.—Bradstreet's to-day says: The movement of general merchandise throughout the country is smaller in volume. Spring trade is finished and the orders for fall trade are, with few exceptions, not meeting expectations, sales, almost without exception, being of a hand to mouth description. The extension of the coal and coke strike accompanied by riots at Cleveland and Mesaba, has emphasized the depression. The industrial situation, therefore, has not improved, the total number of idle industrial workers, having swelled to fully 250,000. Shut-downs of industrial concerns dependent on coke or soft coal for fuel are increasing, notwithstanding an attempt of coal operatives and operators to get together and arrange a basis of settlement. Corn, oats, coffee and refined sugar are all lower, and wool and some varieties of woollens and cotton goods are heavy, with a marked tendency of quotations to weaken. Wheat scored its fifth or sixth lowest price on record during the crop year, viz., 60 3-4c. at New York. Prices are unchanged for pork and lard, with firmer but unchanged values for rice. Raw sugar is 1-8c. higher, bar and manufactured iron are firmer and steel billets and Bessemer pig iron $1 higher. The stocks of wheat here and in Canada, afloat for and in Europe during April fell away 5,267,000 bushels, a smaller April decrease (except in 1891) than for six years. Should these stocks fall away during May and June, even as rapidly as for the several preceding years, American afloat and European supplies on July 1 next will nearly if not quite equal the heavy stocks available on July 1, 1893. The exports of wheat, both coasts, amount to 2,773,000 bushels, compared with 2,727,000 bushels last week. San Francisco telegraphs the report of reviving general trade. Exceptionally favorable crop reports are received from Nebraska. Business is quiet in Toronto, where wheat is firm at prices relatively higher than at other Canadian markets. Montreal reports that the cotton and woollen mills in the province of Quebec are feeling the lack of orders severely and are considering whether to stop work or not. Jobbers there say the volume of business is small.

THE BUCHANAN CASE.

Equal to Resurrection—Almost Helpless From Kidney Disease—A Burden to Himself and His Friends Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

Chatham, April 30.—The story of Sherman Buchanan, living near Leamington, is worthy of notice. He says that he was almost helpless bloated and a wreck with kidney disease. His digestive organs were powerless and he was rapidly becoming a burden to himself and his friends. Naturally he lost all hopes of recovery, but a happy thought suggested Dodd's Kidney Pills, and these cured him. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes; price, fifty cents, or six boxes for $2.50. To be had of all dealers.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

Interesting Papers Read at the Women's Congress Yesterday.

San Francisco, May 4.—The morning session of the Women's Congress to-day was devoted to "Charities and Corrections." Papers were read as follows: "Education as Housekeepers Among the Poor," Messrs. Bessie K. Isaacs, Savage, Washington; "Base of the Pyramids," Adeline Knapp, Oakland; "The Unemployed," Mrs. Agnes W. Flint, San Francisco; "Catholic Women in Philosophy," Miss Lily A. Toomy, San Francisco; and "Women in the Drama," Mme. Modjeska.

The afternoon session was occupied in a discussion on "Public Institutions." Papers as follows were read: "Dangers of Institutional Life for the Young," Rev. Eliza Tupper Wilkes, Oakland; "Free Libraries as Educational Institutions," Miss Tesa Kelso, Los Angeles; "Women Founders of Universities," Mrs. Olive S. England, Salem, Oregon; and "Women as Managers of Public Institutions," Mrs. Mary S. Gibson, Los Angeles.

In the evening "Modern Methods" was the theme and the following papers were read: "The Philanthropy of the Future," Mrs. Helen Campbell, Madison, Wis.; "The Personal Element in Philanthropy," Rev. Lila S. Sprague, San Francisco; "Women as Inventors," Mrs. Charles Harrom, Chicago; "Modern Methods of Philanthropy," Mrs. Sarah Sanford, Oakland; and "Rational Philanthropy," Mrs. Elmira T. Stephens, Los Angeles.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsdaw

Relief in six hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

NEWS FROM HAWAII.

A Fresh Outbreak of Factional Fighting Expected.

San Francisco, May 4.—An evening paper prints the following: It is confidently expected by a number of local residents who are deeply interested in the affairs of Hawaii that the steamship Australia, which is due to-morrow, will bring news of more serious trouble in Honolulu. In fact there are several gentlemen in the city who received private advices by last steamer which predicted a fresh outbreak of factional fighting before the next steamer arrived there. They received their information from a reliable source that causes them much anxiety over the news which is expected to-morrow. As will be remembered late advices from Honolulu were to the effect that the provisional government had provided that it would control the greater part of the municipal patronage and leave the balance to the people. As a result a split has occurred in the provisional party. In the private correspondence received here it was intimated that there was little possibility of a reconciliation between the contending factions in the provisional party, and that it was more than probable that the annexationists and Americans would join their forces with the royalists. In that event, serious trouble is expected, for the royalists were only waiting for such a movement to rise up and declare themselves and defeat the constitution which the provisionalists were promulgating.

German Rioters Killed.

Berlin, May 4.—The coolies in the mining district round Falkenau, not far from Marburg, struck several days ago because their numerous grievances concerning the administration of the mines were not remedied. Yesterday the strikers rioted in and near Falkenau. They refused to disperse, when a force of 50 police fired upon them, and eventually they threw stones and clods of earth at the officers. The police charged several times. As the strikers fought back stubbornly the police then fired two volleys from their revolvers. Three strikers were killed and five wounded. After the mob had retired the military were summoned by telegraph, and they still occupy the districts. Further disturbances are feared. Some three hundred strikers at Frieburg, in Brisgau, south of Baden, attacked on Wednesday 75 "scabs" who had been brought from Brazil. A fight with revolvers and clubs followed. After several on each side had been injured the police separated the two parties and arrested 15 strikers.

MY BEST SELLER AT PRESENT.

"I usually handle four or five of the best known cough remedies, and, of course, have a preparation of my own; but this year I find Harvard Bronchial Syrup is the proper leader. Once it is tried, I find the people ask for it again, and this is the best recommendation a cough remedy can have. Harvard is my best seller just now."

These remarks come from a prominent city druggist, and are worthy of the consideration of all who require a prompt and honest remedy for curing sore throat, hoarseness, coughs and lung troubles. Harvard Bronchial Syrup has been well and severely tested in Canada, and now stands at the head of all preparations for the cure of all difficulties resulting from sudden colds.

MADE HIM SKEPTICAL.

Cleveland Tells of His Experience With the Witty Retort Man.

"A curious thing about political oratory and wit is the side light I got upon it years ago in Buffalo." Thus Mr. Cleveland is quoted by a listener: "One morning a quaint looking old chap came into my office and said that he had read in the newspaper that I was to speak at a mass meeting the following night and wanted to know if it was true. When I told him that it was so he revealed to me a new method of gaining oratorical distinction. He volunteered to interrupt my speech at stated intervals by a remark that should be agreed upon between us. To this interjection I was to retort wittily, and thus, as the old fellow pointed out, I would acquire a reputation as a witty speaker. My first impression was that he was amusing himself at my expense, but he repeated to me several things I could reply to wittily, and wanted me to pay him roundly for helping me to a reputation. But I told him I was indifferent to that kind of fame, and he went away disappointed. Not very long after that I was seated on a stage listening to a speaker when who should rise in the audience but my quaint visitor and bawl out one of the very things he wanted me to pay him for interrupting me with. The orator answered him with the same retort that I was offered the privilege of making, and the audience exploded with laughter and I heartily joined in, but my amusement had not the same foundation, I fancy, as that of the rest of the laughers. And during the rest of the evening the old fellow made an occasional interruption from different parts of the house, and the retorts were of the same manufactured sort. I am a trifle skeptical now on the subject of witty retorters."—Cincinnati Commercial.

Saved by Stampeded Horses.

If horses had the gift of human speech I am sure that a thrilling history of the war could be told from an equine standpoint. They had much to do with every part of the conflict. In one of the most exciting incidents of my part of it, they had it all to do.

We were at B., on a scouting expedition, and although we expected an attack, it was so fierce and furious when it came that almost the whole detachment was captured without a struggle. Before we knew, the Yanks were upon us, they came galloping into town from all directions. Our men in charge of the horses turned them lose and stampeded them, and down the street they came in a panic-stricken rush that nothing could have stopped. A moment before I had jumped on my own horse in front of headquarters, thinking to do a little stampeding myself down that very street but had given it up on seeing a squad of bluecoats approach. I knew they would never stop those horses, though, and the instant they passed me I dug in my spurs and took their dust and followed. I was well past the Yanks before they discovered that there was a 'Johnny Reb' on the side of one of the horses and opened fire. They missed me, but hit old Joe, although he kept bravely up. Ahead of us was a bayou which the flying herd skirted, but which Joe and I plunged into as our only refuge. We were nearly over when he began to falter, and as our pursuers were clattering down the road behind us I slid off my side arms and slid off into the water and struck out for shore, and was just able to scramble up the bank and throw myself into the bushes and swamp grass before the Yanks came in sight. Poor Joe made an heroic effort to follow me and succeeded in getting his fore feet on the bank where he hung for a moment, with his noble face so close to me that we looked into each other's souls. After a moment he sank back into the water.—Forest and Stream.

DON'T LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT USING

YOU will find that it will do what no other soap can do, and will please you every way.

It is Easy, Clean, and Economical to wash with this soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

BREATH-FIGURES.

An Interesting Experiment Performed With Electricity.

For the production of the most perfect breath-figures it is necessary to call in the aid of electricity, and the following method has been found the most successful. A glass plate six inches square is put on the table for insulation. On it is placed a coin, with a strip of tin foil passing from it to the edge of the glass; and above this, again, is put the glass to be impressed, which should be about four or five inches square. Above the glass a second coin is laid. The glass should be scrupulously clean, and dry polished with leather. The coins may be chemically cleansed or not, and may be of any metal without affecting the results. The poles of a Wimshurst electrical machine, giving three or four inch sparks, are connected to the tin-foil and the upper coin, and the handle turned for two minutes, during which one-fifth sparks must be kept pressing. On examining the glass thereafter, no change is visible to the eye, even with the help of the microscope; but when either side is breathed on a clear frosted picture appears on the side of the coin which faced it, so minutely perfect that even a sculptor's mark below the head can be read. The breath appears to adhere to the parts of the glass answering to the sunk portions of the device, making these appear white. There is a fine gradation of shade, corresponding to the depths of the cutting, and the raised parts of the coin appear black. The microscope shows that there is a deposition of moisture over the whole surface; and the size of the minute water granulations increases with the darkening of the shade of the picture. The disc is surrounded with a black ring about a quarter of an inch broad, and this is sometimes marked with radial lines, caused by the milling of the edge of the coin.—Chambers' Journal.

King Mwanga as a Convert.

Although King Mwanga of Uganda has been often depicted, it may be of interest in view of the establishment of a British protectorate over his territory, to mention the chief events in his career. Mwanga ascended the throne in 1884, and being a sympathizer with the Mohammedan party signalized the beginning of his reign by inaugurating a series of barbarous persecutions of all Christians, but he did not lift his hand against any Europeans until in 1885 he ordered the cold-blooded murder of Bishop Hannington and 50 of his followers. Before 1886 he left the Mohammedans for the old heathen party, and carried on a series of murders of Christians and Mohammedans. In that year he was expelled, and his brother, Kiwewa placed on the throne. Mwanga, while in exile, was converted, joined the Catholics, and in 1889 the Christians again placed him on the throne. A treaty of friendship and protection was made with Dr. Peters, the German explorer, in March, 1890, but a month later Mwanga ignored it, and accepted the flag and protection of the British East Africa Company. The Catholics having been defeated by the troops of the company in the spring of 1892, Mwanga again changed his religion and became a convert to Protestantism, to which he nominally adheres up to the present time.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Mothers

suffering with weakness and emaciation, who give little nourishment to babies, should take

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil and hypophosphites. It will give them strength and make their babies fat. *Physicians,* the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Population of the Ocean.

A striking proof of the vastness and variety of the population of the sea has recently been furnished by the results of explorations made by a committee of the zoological department of the British association in that part of the Irish Sea surrounding the Isle of Man. Out of 1,000 species of marine animals collected, 224 had never before been found in that region, 38 were previously unknown as inhabitants of British waters, and 17 were entirely new to science; indeed, they were animals whose existence had never been suspected. If such discoveries reward a few weeks of searching in so minute a speck of the sea, how many volumes would be required to contain a list of the still undiscovered inhabitants of the great oceans?

Like a Miracle

Consumption—Low Condition

Wonderful Results From Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Miss Hannah Wyatt
Toronto, Ont.

"Four years ago while in the old country (England), my daughter Hannah was sent away from the hospital, in a very low condition with consumption of the lungs and bowels, and weak action of the heart. The trip across the water to this country seemed to make her feel better for a while. Then she began to get worse, and for 14 weeks she was unable to get off the bed. She grew worse for five months and lost the use of her limbs and lower part of body, and if she sat up in bed had to be propped up with pillows. Physicians

Said She Was Past All Help

and wanted me to send her to the 'Home for Incurables.' But I said as long as I could hold my hand up she should not go. We then began

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to give her Hood's Sarsaparilla. She is getting strong, walks around, is out doors every day; has no trouble with her throat and no cough, and her heart seems to be all right again. She has a first-class appetite. We regard her cure as nothing short of a miracle." W. WYATT, 88 Marion Street, Parkdale, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

Is

Fifty Times

As

Nourishing

As

Meat Extract and Home Made Beef Tea.

It makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

PREPARED BY

The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.,
Montreal.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY** 11 book free

CHARLES CLUTHE,
134 King St. W., Toronto.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap15-td

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Second Street, between Kings Road and Bay Street is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, B. C., April 14.

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor.

NOTICE.

Third Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
mi31-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C.,
April 23, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Victoria, B. C., C.M.C.
April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
138 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

SING KEE,
21 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.
Intelligence Office.
All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

VERNON AND VICINITY.

Business Changes—Pheasant Murderer Smartly Punished.

(Vernon News.)

S. McIlvanie and W. G. Ellis of Manitoba have been visiting this section, and as a result have purchased the Bissette saw mill and A. M. Seed's store. Extensive improvements will be made to the mill and operations commenced as soon as possible.

Messrs. Harvey & Bailey, who have been doing business in Enderby as general merchants for the last nine or ten years, are closing out their stock and intend to leave town.

Mr. Fraser-Torrance, the well known mining engineer, who in the interests of T. G. Shaughnessy of Montreal has been examining mining property in Camp Fairview, passed through on Tuesday on his way east.

There appears to be quite a number interested in the lumbering trade in this part of British Columbia from the number who have been looking over the ground with the view to the selection of a site. There have been no less than four parties at Enderby during the past week, one of whom is now at Mable lake prospecting the timber and inspecting the river to see what improvements will be required to make the river fit to drive logs on in the spring.

During the month of April there were reported at the provincial land office here forty-seven pre-emption claims.

Lequime & Powers made their first log drive last week without loss, and the mill is turning out 800 feet per per day.

The snow is leaving rapidly in the mountains, and streams are high in consequence. The snow is all gone at Deadwood, Smith's, the Providence and Skylark mining camps, and it is expected the Copper, Greenwood, White's, Douglas and Atwood's will be bare by the 1st of May.

Mr. Boshardt reports having bonded two claims to Mr. Torrance of Montreal, who came over from Fairview on Friday last.

Al. Marsh, who for the past six years has been prospecting and trapping near the head waters of Kettle river, came down on Tuesday. He reports an exceptionally heavy snowfall in the mountains last winter, much of which still remains. Mr. Marsh is a good example of the plucky and persistent pioneer prospector of this province. For over five years he has been engaged in running a tunnel by which he expects to strike "pay gravel" on the channel of an old water course, and in solitude he has worked through the lonely days of that period and has still a long stretch of rock ahead of him.

The 24th will be celebrated in a befitting manner by the citizens of Enderby, who have decided to commemorate the event by a programme of sports, consisting of canoe races, football, trapshooting, bicycle races and other athletic sports.

A siwash known as "One-eyed Louie" was brought before Judge Spinks on Tuesday, charged by the secretary of the Vernon Gun club with having on April 28th shot a cock pheasant, one of the covey turned loose in this district a short time ago. The bird, which was a beautiful large cock, and was supposed to be one of the original covey, was produced in court, and the accused siwash pleaded guilty to the charge. His honor, after administering a severe lecture, during which he remarked that although the prisoner may have been ignorant of the law protecting pheasants, he must have known that it was unlawful to kill any feathered game during the breeding season, imposed a fine of $25 or thirty days, which is the lightest penalty that the act allows. His honor also stated that if another case of this kind were brought before him he would impose imprisonment without the option of a fine. Since the bird was shot others have been seen in the bush near Swan lake, and it is now a matter of certainty that pheasants may successfully be reared in this district. It is not probable that any white man will interfere with them, and the salutary lesson administered to the siwashes will have the effect of restraining them from killing off the young birds, so it may confidently be expected that in the course of a few years another attraction will be offered to the sportsman and tourist by the already widely famed "Land of the Okanagan. Under the watchful care of the gun club the game regulations will be more strictly enforced in the future, as it is the intention of that organization to push to the uttermost the prosecution of any infringement of the act which may come under their notice.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

The Tariff Bill, Rates of Wages and Attitudes of Unions.

New York, April 28.—Henry Clews' weekly circular says: Wall street is brooding cautiously over a situation beset with uncertainty of one kind or another. The crops, the tariff, the currency, the spectre of financial sectionalism, the significance of the new tramp element in politics, the wide prevalence of strikes, and the new peace element in Europe with its peaceable effects upon international investments,—all these matters, important in themselves and some of them fraught with significant possibilities, are felt to demand attention, and yet for the moment they are in a condition of suspense. Perhaps, there is nothing in any of them that conveys any distinct menace; but the fact that changes are impending in many matters which more or less influence the future of investment, is calculated to hold business in suspense. Transactions are therefore of a fragmentary character and there are no symptoms of any larger concerted movements calculated to materially affect values. Holders of the floating supplies of securities however see nothing to disturb their confidence; and raiders find nothing to encourage attacks, but are wary in their tactics.

On one point there is a very general agreement—that within two to four months, the principal of these uncertainties will have to be settled; and the expectation is very general that the results will contribute to a material recovery of confidence and a large renewal of business. The probabilities of the moment point to the enactment of the tariff bill, but in a form more lenient towards manufactures than was proposed in the measure as it was passed by the house of representatives. These ameliorations have a tendency to encourage confidence. The rates of duty, however, are perhaps less important to the major part of our industries than the rates of wages. Upon a wide range of important products, the present duties go beyond the strict requirements of protection, and the new duties will suffice to keep out the foreign goods. This is a rule of wide application; but more than this is most probably needed. There has been a general reduction in the prices of the foreign goods with which our manufacturers have to compete; and to meet that change it may be found necessary that there be a reduction in the rate of wages. That is the one condition upon which a successful resumption of active business is more or less dependent. The general demand in the manufacturing and mining industries for lower wages thus becomes a matter of the first importance to the revival for which all interests are hoping. So far, the trades unions are offering stubborn resistance, upon a broad scale, to this demand; and it does not seem impossible that the struggle may be prolonged. That labor will have to yield in the end, there can be no doubt; for manufacturers are now in no position to continue doing business at a loss and will prefer stopping their work to taking that course. It thus becomes a question whether, following the tariff uncertainties, we are to have a labor conflict. Upon that hangs the further question—when we may hope to see our industries restored to a basis of reasonably active prosperity? Could the doubts on that point be removed, there would be a solid basis of confidence in the revival of trade; for, in all other respects, the country is prepared for an active resumption of trade and for the undertaking of enterprises that would afford free employment for labor and capital. For our part, notwithstanding the unyielding attitude of labor, we incline to the opinion that a rational public opinion will bring about a second thought among the unions that will bring them soon to accept the inevitable. There is no other possible event that could so greatly conduce to a quick revival of business. Whilst probably manufacturers might defer the resumption of work until the tariff bill was finally enacted, yet no one familiar with the anxiety to employ immense accumulations of idle capital will have any doubt, that under the circumstances, ways would be found for starting up a vast amount of non-manufacturing enterprise. The building trade would revive under the inducements of cheaper costs of materials and work. The last four years of nominal railroad construction has created opportunities for the building of new roads, and the needful capital is only waiting for the opportunity that lower wages would afford. But low rates of interest will not force investment into these sources without terms of labor that will insure cost of construction proportioned to the lower basis of prices that has come apparently to stay. We are therefore upon the verge of a possibility, and we may hope for a probability, in the labor market that will suddenly change the whole aspect of business and introduce a return to comparative prosperity.

The remarkable bids for the Paris loan, amounting to 100 times the sum of bonds offered, and the offers for the German loan to three times the amount sought, are striking evidences of the extraordinary surplus of funds in Europe seeking employment. This is not without significance to our own investments. When the questions now pending in congress have been disposed of, the uncertainties which now temporarily check the European demand for our issues will disappear, and New York will be benefited by the investment demand of London, Paris and Berlin.

The All-Important Question.

FOOD FOR THE BABY.

The "LACTATED" Strongly Recommended.

The all-important question with careful and loving mothers is that of food for their babies. They look for a food that is easily prepared, easily obtainable, nourishing, strengthening, palatable and pure.

Lactated Food possesses every virtue and quality that the mother and physician so eagerly look for. Children fed on Lactated Food always grow hardy and strong. The efficacy of the nutritive quality of this perfect substitute for pure human milk has long been acknowledged by the medical profession. Lactated Food is so made that age, climate, or variations of climate do not affect it. Thousands of happy babies have been brought up on it. No other food has saved so many babies' lives. Give it a trial, mother, if your baby is not thriving.

An Amusing Incident.

We heard a very good one from upcountry the other day. A convention of government supporters was to be held in a certain district, and letters were sent to the various settlements asking that meetings be held and delegates sent. In one of the settlements a few opposition went to the meeting to see who the government voters were, much as one goes to a museum to see a rare bird. The curiosity seekers, however, were the only attendants, and after waiting in vain for some one on the government side to turn up, they decided to send a man to the government convention, nominally as a delegate, but really as a missionary. In due time the missionary returned and handed in his report, to the effect that he had "turned loose" on the convention and converted one government delegate from the error of his way and left another in serious doubt.—Columbian.

Midnight Doctors.

Are the most unwelcome visitors—even the Doctor himself curses the luck that compelled him to leave his comfortable bed. Suppose you try our method, and keep a big 25c. Bottle of Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER in the house, and let Dr. Squills stay in his bed and enjoy himself.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BY-LAW

To Raise $25,000.00 to Acquire the Land and Improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association for Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition Purposes.

Whereas by a by-law of the Corporation of the City of Victoria finally passed on the 9th day of December, A.D. 1892, and numbered 149, there was granted to the British Columbia Agricultural Association by the said Corporation, the sum of $25,000 to aid and assist the said Association in its building operations;

And whereas the said sum of $25,000 has been duly expended on the erection of suitable and necessary exhibition buildings on the lands of the said Association in accordance with the terms and conditions of the said by-law;

And whereas there was expended by the said Association upon its lands, and improvements thereon, a further sum of $20,000 obtained by loan secured by mortgage upon the said lands and improvements;

And whereas the said Association is indebted to various persons and firms in a further aggregate sum of about $5,000.

And whereas the said Association is organized not for the purpose of any private or individual profit or gain, but for the protection and advancement of the agricultural, mechanical and industrial interests of the province, and more particularly of those interests as associated with the trade and prosperity of the City of Victoria;

And whereas for the more effectual carrying out of the objects of the said association, it is deemed expedient and advisable that the Corporation of the City of Victoria, should purchase, hold and manage the lands and buildings of the said Association.

And whereas the said Association has applied to the said Corporation for further aid in carrying out its said objects and it has been agreed that upon payment by the said Corporation, of the said mortgage debt of $20,000 and the said sum of $5,000, the said Association shall and will grant and convey to the said Corporation in fee simple the lands and premises of the said Association, hereinafter particularly described for the purpose of holding agricultural and industrial exhibitions;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $25,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,289 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-14th of a mill in the dollar for paying such debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows;

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 currency or sterling money at the rate of $4.86 2-3rds to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised, or received, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the objects hereinbefore recited;

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed, and issued for such sums as may be required not exceeding however the sum of $25,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof which interest shall be payable half yearly at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture or coupon.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,125, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $164.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of payment of the said sum in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-14th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. The said Association shall immediately after this by-law shall have received the assent of the ratepayers of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and before the said Corporation shall have paid the said mortgage debt or other debts or any portion thereof, make and execute a proper conveyance to the said Corporation of all those parcels of lands described as follows: All those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the District of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, being composed of the North Westerly three and thirty-eight one-hundredths (3 38-100) acres of sub-division 10 (ten) of section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the Eastern boundary of said section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2018) feet south from the north east corner of said section twenty-eight (28); thence south two hundred and forty one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) along said eastern boundary; thence west and parallel to the southern boundary of the Driving Park, five hundred and ninety eight (598) feet to a road hereinafter described; thence north along the east side of said road, two hundred and forty one feet nine inches, (241 ft. 9 in.) to the Driving Park; thence east along the southern boundary of the Driving Park six hundred and twenty (620) feet to the point of commencement, and more particularly delineated on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the 18th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, between John Sylvester Bowker, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, and Mary Bowker, his wife, of the one part, and the said mortgagors and trustees of the other part and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13 (thirteen) folio twenty-nine (29) as number 12,500 a, together with the right of way over and along the road fifty feet wide running north from the Cadboro Bay Road to sub-division eleven (11) of section twenty-eight (28) along the western boundary of the hereinbefore described piece or parcel of land as the same is now used and traveled, and that certain piece or parcel of land commencing at a point on the western boundary of section sixty-one (LXI) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2,018) feet from the north west corner thereof; thence two hundred and forty-one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) south along the said western boundary of section sixty-one (XLI); thence at a deflection angle of ninety two degrees seventeen minutes to the left two hundred and sixty-seven feet eight inches (267 ft. 8 in.) to the western side of Cadboro Bay Road, thence two hundred and forty-two feet six inches (242 ft. 6 in.) north along the western side of the said road; thence west two hundred and eighty one feet eight inches (281 ft. 8 in.) to the point of beginning, containing in all one and fifty, two one hundredths (1 52-100ths) acres more or less as shown on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, between William Henry Thistle of the said City of Victoria, of the one part, and the said mortgagors of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13, folio 110 as number 12,734 a, together with all buildings, fixtures, commons, ways, profits, privileges, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the said hereditaments belonging or with the same or any part thereof held or enjoyed or appurtenant thereto, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property claim and demand of the mortgagors and of the trustees, in, to and upon, the same premises, together with all improvements, etc., thereon or appurtenant thereto, and deliver the same in escrow to the Bank of British North America, at the City of Victoria, to be delivered to the said Corporation, when and so soon as the said Corporation shall have paid and satisfied the said mortgage debt and other debts as aforesaid to an amount not exceeding however the said amount of $25,000 or such other sum as may be realized from the sale of the said debentures.

Sec. 10. The Corporation of the City of Victoria, may upon such terms and conditions as to it may seem just and reasonable grant to the said British Columbia Agricultural Association or to any other Association, Society or Company, having for an object among others the holding of agricultural exhibitions, the use of the said lands, buildings and premises, but the said Corporation in respect of such exhibition shall in no way be liable for any debts, expenses, expenditures, losses or damages, incurred or sustained by any such association, society or company, holding such exhibition, or by any person or persons attending or exhibiting any article or thing at such exhibition.

Sec. 11. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, 1894.

Sec. 12. This by-law may be cited as "The Exhibition Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

For Granting Aid to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 13 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the said sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,805 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, (at the rate of $4.86 2-3rd to the one pound sterling,) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated, thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $230.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase, to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 27th of April, A.D. 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,156 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid,) and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to the coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $656.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums, in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street, (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT.

I am instructed by R. Jamieson to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, where goods are now on view,

ON SATURDAY, 5th MAY,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

10 BICYCLES

All new, manufactured by
The Gould Bicycle Co., Brantford, Ont.

4 Ladies' Pneumatic Tire Wheels.
4 Gents' Pneumatic Tire Wheels.
1 Cushion Tire Wheel.
1 High Wheel.

GEO. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION

BRITISH SHIP
"ARCHER,"

Thursday, May 10th, 11 a.m.

On account of whom it may concern.
I am instructed to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.:
The hull of the iron ship Archer, 100 A 1 at Lloyd's; 789 tons register, length 180 ft., beam, 32 ft., depth, 18.7, as she now lies dismasted in Esquimalt Harbor.
ALSO—New and old ropes, 2 sails, tarpaulins, chronometers, compasses, barometers, ship's boat, flags, blocks, hemp canvass, telescopes, charts, sailing directions, side and riding lights, tools, etc., etc.

G. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION

Mortgagee's Sale,
House and Lot,
SATURDAY, MAY 5, 11 A.M.

I will sell at my Salesroom, Wharf street, under the power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, made and executed by Samuel Edmunds Field, dated Sept. 22, '90, and Jan. 29, '91, respectively; all that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 69 being a subdivision of lots 22, 24, 25, Fernwood Estate, as per map 292, L. R. Office. The said property has a frontage on North Pembroke Street of 152 ft. 8 in. and 114 ft. on Belmont Avenue, more or less. There is a good dwelling house on this property.

For particulars apply to Davie, Pooley & Luxton, 47 Langley street, Mortgagee's Solicitors, or to

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 8:00 p.m. same day. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Inspect the Brantford Bicycle

Weight 23 lbs.
All Warranted.

With Wood and Steel Rims
MANUFACTURED BY
THE Goold Bicycle Co. LTD.
Brantford, Ont.
88 YONGE STREET | 362 ST. PAUL ST.
TORONTO | MONTREAL
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1894.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe09tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 75 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 452.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX,
Teacher of Piano and Harmonium.
RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-1m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja10

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S. oc19

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.
BR. SHIP BENMORE.
Capt. Scott, from Liverpool.

Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents.
a25-1m

Teeth Without Plates.

By Dr. Findley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc.

86 1-2 Government Street.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 135 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.

Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.

Dated 14th April, 1894.
SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG.
(By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg).
FREDERICK LANDSBERG.
Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

Notice to Subscribers.

During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times.
B. HAIGH.
Daily Times office, April 21.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

DRESSMAKER wants sewing by the day in private families. Address 16 Caledonia avenue. m4-2t

WANTED—Boy about 14 years old to work on milk ranch. Address R., Times office

WANTED—Good stout boy. 70 Yates St. may3-3t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6sm&w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By an active, healthy, pioneer of British Columbia, employment in any capacity for a few months or longer. Salary little consideration. Apply to H. S., No. 8 Harbor Cottages, Store st. Reference, Lenz & Leiser, Yates street. a30-1w

COMPETENT CLERK, book-keeper and correspondent, with knowledge of shorthand and languages, offers his services for small salary sufficient to pay living expenses. Address "Stenog," Times office. a12-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A new 16 ft. sail boat, fully equipped, at Mellor's, Fort street. m4-1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

FOR SALE—Two splendid building lots within twenty minutes' walk from postoffice, close to car track, public school and park; frontage on two streets; price $650 each. Address "Property," Times office. a24-2w

HORSE FOR SALE, price $150; a good buggy horse, thoroughly quiet, does not object to tram cars, steam engines or anything else. Apply at H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. a23-tf

TO LET.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 67 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

NICE ROOMS and board. 181 Fort street.

FURNISHED ROOM to let, also stable and hay loft. Apply 34 Michigan street, James Bay. a30-1w

TO LET For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ap16-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—500 pairs of gents' cast-off shoes. Call or address Jos. Nucci, No. 9 Store street. may3-3t

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Five acres of land with improvements; also one cow, three heifers, chickens, etc., for house and lot in town. Apply P.O. Box 461. may3-4t

POLLARD vs. BRECKINRIDGE celebrated breach of promise case; Agents Wanted; book ready; history of litigants; illustrated; 500,000 will be sold; prospectus free. W. H. Ferguson Co., Cincinnati, O. a26-5t-eod

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap15-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

The Japanese Bazaar
NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!
Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 139 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

THE HALF WAY HOUSE
BETWEEN ALBERNI AND NANAIMO.

Stage bi-weekly and good travelling trade; house contains six rooms and additions; good stabling for 14 horses and vehicles; fowl and root houses, etc.; 160 acres of good land, 16 acres cleared.

Party purchasing would have no difficulty in obtaining license as there is no licensed house between Wellington and Alberni. For sale, $2,600, terms one half if required. Apply J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad St. m2-1w

MORRIS'
Souvenir Watches
WILL BE READY NEXT WEEK.
Buy your Tobacco and Cigars at the LEADING TOBACCONIST in time.
COLONIST BLOCK.

NOTICE.
COMPETITIVE PLANS
and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Hum-Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $250; 2nd prize, $150.
By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 27 Yates street near Government, Victoria, B. C.

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The Daily Times.

MR. BROWN'S CASE AGAIN.

A few days ago the Colonist and the World paraded a postoffice department circular over a year old as the moving cause of Mr. Brown's retirement from provincial politics. Unfortunately this circular did not cover Mr. Brown's case, and the people too easily perceived that it had actually nothing to do with his retirement. Now the two organs produce some correspondence between Mr. Barnard and Sir Adolphe Caron by way of proving that the Davie government's friends were not the factors in securing Mr. Brown's removal from the government's way. This correspondence will be found in another column, and to those who glance at it will at once occur the thought that the two organs have convicted themselves of dishonesty in endeavoring to show that the circular was the cause of Mr. Brown's retirement. Then why should Mr. Barnard have interested himself so much in the matter and questioned the postmaster-general? The member for Cariboo is apparently anxious that his alliance with the Davie government shall be fully understood and appreciated by the public. But the chief richness lies in Sir Adolphe Caron's two letters. In that addressed to Mr. Barnard he says, speaking of Mr. Brown: "The way I came to hear of his being in public life, which I ignored up to that time, was by reading a paragraph in the Daily Columbian, giving a programme, I think, of political meetings to be addressed by him." In the letter addressed to Mr. Brown himself Sir Adolphe says: "I enclose you a cutting from the Daily Columbian. In that cutting it appears that it is your intention to seek parliamentary honors. I personally do not know whether this is true or not, and my writing you is more to give friendly advice than to command." Mr. Brown has been a member of the legislature for four years, yet the postmaster-general says he was ignorant of the fact until he read the paragraph in the Columbian announcing Mr. Brown's intention of addressing a series of meetings. It must be inferred from this that Sir Adolphe would have remained in ignorance if he had not come across that clipping from the Columbian. But the postmaster-general is not an habitual reader of the Columbian, so it is evident that if the paragraph in that paper was the sole cause of his action, his attention was called to it by some person who wished him to take such action. Who was this interested person? Is anybody so dull-witted as not to perceive that there is still a "nigger in the wood-pile?"

NOT THE SAME.

When Mr. Davie was speaking to the Cowichan electors at Duncan's he intimated that the "prosperity of the district would come to an end"—or used words to that effect—if they dared to elect any but a straight government candidate. By which he meant, of course, that if they should have independent, not to say opposition, leanings they would be punished by the "appropriations" for the district being reduced. That is the sort of argument that Mr. Davie, his henchmen and the government organs everywhere address to the electors. If a member of the legislature has been able to secure by faithful support of the government a goodly share of public money for his district he is a most useful representative, if he had found himself compelled on public grounds to oppose the government the district is punished because of his frowardness." The opposition members have condemned this immoral teaching and objected to the public funds being used as an electioneering agency. For this they are fallen foul of by the Colonist, which represents them as being opposed to all public improvements because they object to the public treasury being exploited for the political advantage of the Davie combination. Any person not hopelessly blind can see the difference between legitimate expenditure on public improvements and expenditure for the purpose of buying support for the government. He can also see than when the government and its friends tell the people that their share of the expenditure depends on electing a government supporter they confess their readiness to bribe with public money. "Vote for us and you'll get something; vote against and good-bye to appropriations." It is ridiculous to represent opposition to such vile tactics as opposition to public improvements that are required for the development of the province; but then nothing is too ridiculous for the organs in these days of desperation, if it but offers the smallest hope of relief. The people are indeed blind if they fail to see that the plan pursued by the government in the past has landed the province in a very bad financial muddle, and that the muddle will be made much worse if the Davie government is returned to power and attempts to fulfill all the promises it is now making for the purpose of buying votes.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

After many futile efforts to find a candidate the friends of the government in New Westminster prevailed on ex-Mayor D. S. Curtis to take the field in their behalf. Mr. Curtis at first refused, but finally consented. He said, however, that "he would not come out as a straight government supporter, but as an independent supporter of the government. He would vote as he pleased. He had a high respect for the government." This is extremely like what Major Mutter said in Cowichan, much to the disgust of the premier. Will the latter oppose Mr. Curtis as he did the major?

The Globe: The Ottawa Citizen admits that there is much to be said against the power and usefulness of the Senate as at present constituted, but that it thinks there should be some sort of revising body, and that a reform of the present senate is all that is necessary. We take issue on both points. We think that the notion that there must be two chambers is an exploded superstition. There has been only one at Toronto for 27 years, and the result has been eminently satisfactory. When a Conservative government is in power there is practically only one chamber at Ottawa. An effective second chamber might have prevented some bad law-making there, but such authorities as the late Sir John Macdonald and the late Hon. George Brown maintained that responsible government could not be worked with two chambers claiming equal powers.

WEALERS MOVING ON.

Fitzgerald's Gang Allowed to Parade and Depart for Other Parts.

New York, May 5.—The police have granted Fitzgerald's New England commonwealers permission to parade. They marched to the Jersey ferry this morning and took the train at Jersey City for Newark.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 5.—The Connecticut division of the Coxey army started for South Norwalk to-day.

Newark, N. J., May 5.—The Fitzgerald contingent of the Coxeyites arrived at Newark this afternoon.

Washington, May 5.—The trial of Coxey, Brown and Jones was resumed to-day. Miss Coxey made a stenographic report of the proceedings at the reporters' table. A number of witnesses were examined with regard to the invasion of the capitol grounds by the defendant, and also as to the location of the grounds.

Congressman Spence for Coxey accused the court of asking witnesses leading questions, and objected several times. A dispute ensued. Spence in cross-examining the policeman made him admit that others besides the Coxeyites had invaded the capitol grounds and had not been arrested. A motion for the defence dismissed the case for lack of evidence, and the court adjourned until Monday.

7 Yards Black Fancy Dress Goods $1 At Russell & McDonald's.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

New York, May 5.—The steamer Persian Monarch arrived in harbor to-day. She will be docked in order to repair the rudder and examine the bottom.

Hartford, Conn., May 5.—The Berlin Iron Bridge Company, employing seven hundred men, has started on full time.

New York, May 5.—The Panama railway company has a renewal of the offer to charter the Pacific Mail steamers. The offer has been forwarded to President Huntington.

New York, May 5.—Ex-Minister John Jay died to-day at the Hotel Savoy.

Poughkeepsie, May 5.—Aquiline Tiller committed suicide by shooting himself to-day, in the cemetery, while the body of Mary Mitchell, his sweetheart, was being lowered into her grave. He fell dead beside the open grave.

Ashland, Mass., May 5.—A carriage containing Mrs. Dr. Thipp and two sons was struck by a train at a crossing today. All three were probably fatally injured.

San Francisco, May 5.—Mrs. Ada F. Werner, who shot and killed her husband while he was lying asleep in bed on the morning of April 11th last, has pleaded not guilty. The case will be set for trial on May 11th.

San Francisco, May 5.—Application to separate the cases of several members of the Emerald ring of smugglers was made by defendants' attorneys, but it was denied by Judge Morrow, of the United States district court. The trial has been set for next Tuesday.

AMERICAN STRIKERS.

Probability of a Fierce Fight in Disaffected Pennsylvania Districts.

Connellsville, Pa., May 5.—Bloodshed is feared in Vanderbilt section to-day. Strikers last night called upon the men to leave the Paul works, but the men refused. The strikers are massing there this morning in large force; deputies are on hand at the Paul plant, and many of these were sent to the Fort Hill. The Mayor plant closed this morning, the men going out peaceably.

St. Louis, Mo., May 5.—A coal famine threatens this city; the supply will not last more than two weeks. Four thousand men have been thrown out of work by the closing of the mines in this section.

5 Yards Print, Fast Colors, $1 At Russell & McDonald's.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Matthey Neelon, a Virden farmer, has succumbed to injuries received in a runaway accident.

On Thursday the C. P. R. train for the west carried 245 immigrants, brought out by the German steamship Pickhuben.

The C. P. R. traffic receipts for the week ending April 30 were $372,000. For the same week last year they were $457,000.

Another batch of the Canadian Pacific railway employes at Montreal, numbering fifty, were discharged at Montreal, and more dismissals are expected to follow.

It is estimated that there are 1,000 unemployed men in Winnipeg now, and the number is being constantly swelled by recruits from outlying towns and train arivals.

Lieut.-Col. John Stewart, of Ottawa, well known as a public works contractor, who has been engaged in the construction of the new armory in Toronto, died suddenly on Friday.

The Toronto grand jury has returned no bill in the charge of rape preferred against Dr. McCully by Mrs. Wilpong, a patient who had come for treatment and who alleged that he had assaulted her.

The Montreal carpenters' strike is nearing settlement. Many of the bosses have acceded to the demands of the men for twenty cents an hour and nine hours a day, and a large number of men have returned to work.

A considerable amount of paper came due at the Toronto banks on May 4. So far as could be learned the payments were rather less than those for the same time a year ago, and the chances are, the wholesalers say, that a good deal of paper will have to be renewed.

Mr. Sargeant, general manager of the Grand Trunk railway, being interviewed gave it to be understood that a general ten per cent. reduction in salaries would shortly be put in force. He considers that a decrease in traffic earnings may be expected in the near future.

The Globe says there is no doubt the bulletin of the bureau of agriculture recently issued gave a correct estimate of the condition of the fall wheat in Ontario at the time the reports were written. The outlook has greatly improved during the last week or two. Throughout western and northern Ontario there is a promise of a big crop.

The trial of the suit claiming $10,000 for alleged slander entered by Miss Rebecca Marron against Mrs. Agnes C. Youmans, all of Toronto, was concluded on Saturday. The jury were out an hour, but failed to agree on a verdict, and were discharged. Both sides appeared to be satisfied with the result, and it is not likely the suit will be further pressed.

Constable Lindsay of Comber was shot on Thursday night by James Trashey and died early next morning. Provincial detectives started after Trashey. The murderer was located about noon behind a brush heap in his own woods. He had a revolver in his possession and declined to throw up his hands when ordered to do so. The officers then fired upon him and advanced. Seeing he was about to be captured Trashey shot himself in the left breast, it is thought mortally.

In the Ontario legislature various railway subsidies were adopted. The Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa railway receives $3,000 a mile for fifteen miles from a point twenty-five miles from Irondale. The Northern Pacific Junction railway receives $7,500 for the construction of a spur line a mile and a half long, from Burk's Falls to connect with the navigation of the Maganettwan river. The Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound railway gets $3,000 a mile for thirty-five miles. The Ontario and Rainy River railway also receives $3,000 a mile for thirty-five miles.

There died in the lumber yards of Brown & Rutherford last Saturday the oldest horse in Mnitoba, familiarly known as "Old Lamb." He was for many years a stage horse along the old Dawson route from Prince Arthur's Landing to Winnipeg, and had the honor of one time drawing across a portion of the continent Lord and Lady Dufferin, when the governor-general and his wife were making a tour of the Northwest. "Old Lamb" was also the first fire brigade horse in the city, and for years drew the old Phoenix fire engine up and down the muddy thoroughfares of the city. At the time of his death this horse was 44 years of age. A funeral procession, comprising all the employes of the mill, followed the remains to a last resting-place on the banks of the Red.—Winnipeg Free Press.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

A Valuable History Appreciated—Income Tax Restrictions.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—Dr. McCandless of Pittsburg raised a laugh among the senators yesterday. He sent Senator Matt. Quay of Pennsylvania an innocent looking book entitled, "What Congress Has Done,' the pages of which were blank. The book was passed round, and as each senator opened the book and glanced from page to page he invariably broke into a hearty laugh.

Washington, May 4.—After a conference extending over ten days, Sir Julian Pauncefote, British minister, and Secretary Carlisle this afternoon reached an agreement on the sealing question to guide the fleets of England and the United States in making seizures of vessels in Behring sea this spring and summer. The instructions will be telegraphed to Port Townsend, to the United States vessels now lying there.

Representative Bryan is not pleased at the reported agreement of the senate to restrict the operation of the income tax to five years. He says if the law is unsatisfactory it might be repealed, but to restrict it might take a two-thirds vote, assuming that the occupant of the White House might veto it. He says the house will try to get the bill as near the original Wilson bill as possible.

The senate to-day passed a bill for the relief of citizens of Oregon, Idaho and Washington who served with the United States troops in the war against the Nez Perces, Bannock and Shoshone Indians, to pay them $1 a day for services, for pensioning the wounded and the heirs of those who were killed.

Representative Reilly, chairman of the house Pacific railroads committee, believes a measure for settling the Union Pacific indebtedness to government will be laid before congress early in June.

Secretary Herbert accompanied by his daughter, left for the Pacific coast today.

The following post masters have been nominated: Oregon, Joseph P. Williams, Heppner; Kerman Wise, Astoria. Washington, Howard T. Mallon, Spokane. California, John C. Steele, Santa Monica; T. B. Elkins, Lompoc; F. E. Trust, Ontario; Fred M. Robinson, Orange; Valentine Hussey, Redwood City; H. A. Peabody, Santa Ana.

The president has nominated Seneca Hazelton of Vermont to be minister to Venezuela.

KING HUMBERT'S MALADY.

Italy's Beloved Monarch the Victim of a Terrible Disease.

Rome, May 5.—Cancer of the larynx, almost the same as that with which the late Emperor Frederick of Germany was afflicted, and which likewise caused the death of Lord Vivian, British ambassador at Rome, last year, is the terrible malady that has established itself upon King Humbert of Italy. This has been known for some time among the most intimate friends of the unfortunate monarch, but it is only quite lately that the secret has been divulged.

The news will doubtless cause much regret, as King Humbert is one of the worthiest of European sovereigns. Since his accession to the throne, at any rate, his court has rivalled in purity and absence of all scandal, that of Great Britain. He has been scrupulously honorable in money matters, not only relinquishing a third of his civil list to the treasury, with the object of lightening the burden of taxation upon his subjects, but making a point of paying every cent of the enormous personal debts left by his father; debts, which the national legislature offered to pay out of the national exchequer, but which King Humbert insisted upon assuming charge of himself.

His affliction must create much uneasiness as regards the political situation, both at home and abroad, owing to the openly agressive and dictatorial attitude assumed of late by Prime Minister Crispi, who, to judge from his speeches, his manner, from public report and from the appearance of things generally, would seem bent on securing for himself supreme power in Italy.

HIS UNIQUE POSITION.

A Gentleman Who Was Secretary to a Professional Beggar.

"Yes," said the traveller, "I've had my ups and downs, and done many kinds of work to earn the necessary lucre; but the strangest position I ever held was that of clerk or private secretary to a professional beggar in London, who could neither read nor write. He did all his begging by letter, and it paid him well; for he lived in a comfortable, well-furnished flat in a respectable neighborhood, and his wife and children were always well dressed. I knew nothing of the man when he engaged me, and was surprised when I found out his real character; but I needed the money and could not afford to be particular. My day's work began at seven o'clock in the morning; my employer was always in his office when I arrived, and had the morning papers at hand. Under his instructions I took them up and read the headings aloud, column by column; every now and then he would stop me and tell me to mark an item or an article with a blue pencil. These items related to some person who had given charity, or had married, or met with some piece of good fortune. We would then take the marked articles, and he would dictate a letter suitable for each case. He represented all kinds of characters, from a mechanic with a sick wife and child, who had all their goods burned out in a fire, and were then living in a bare room, lying on the floor without bed or clothing, to a teacher of music or languages, or of an old clerk broken down in health, unable to get employment and with several small children. He never asked for more than a few shillings; he used to say, with a laugh, that people were better pleased with a modest beggar than a bold one. He assumed all kinds of names, and had his letters addressed to two or three small stationery stores. He devoted the afternoon to collecting his mail. He took the money from the letters and kept them until I read them to him the next day. I placed all the addresses in a book that he had and then he destroyed the letters. For three weks that I was with him I should say he averaged £15 a week. Of course I had my own opinion of the business I was in, but I justified myself on the ground that I was not doing it; I was working honestly for my dinner and bed. I should have remained with him longer had not his nephew, a young man of some education, come to town in search of employment. He could get nothing to do, and was on his hands, so he would have to utilize him in doing my work. I could not object, and that is how I lost my position."

Fox and Murphy Unseated.

St. Johns, Nfld., May 5.—Judge Carter delivered judgment in the east end election case this morning. Messrs. Fox and Murphy were both unseated and disqualified.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose generally benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS,
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COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Suits, $16; Pants, $4. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—The drafting of jury panels takes place at the court house on Monday morning.

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cents each; other stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. *

—The Mikado amateur opera company went over to Vancouver this morning. A final rehearsal was held in Victoria theatre last night.

—Navigation on Coeur d'Alene lake was opened on May 1, and the Northern Pacific has begun taking freight for shipment by that route.

—The contraband opium captured near Anacortes by a marine belonging to the Wolcott was brought to the Port Townsend custom house on Thursday. Customs officers are certain that the smugglers were none other than Larry Kelly and his brother.

—Some handsome dining room furniture, sideboards, tables, chairs, etc., at very moderate prices. We have only just received these goods. Weller Bros.

—The funeral of William A. Travis, aged 33, who died of consumption yesterday at the home of his mother, Princess avenue, will take place on Sunday morning.

—Harry Taylor and Sewell Simms, vagrants, wre arraigned in the police court this morning. Taylor was sentenced to a month in jail and Simms to six weeks. Edward W. Wilson, drunk, was fined $5. Charley Smith, aged 15, was charged with throwing stones at Hubert John Cook, of Mary street, Victoria West. Cook showed an ugly cut in the face and said that young Smith had more than once thrown stones at him. The case was continued till Monday.

—The wife and son of Captain McRae of the barkentine Katie Flickinger, which passed out to sea to-day, would have been drowned at Vancouver but for the heroism of Richard Tibbett, an apprentice on the Xantippe, who saved them at the peril of his own life. The little son of Captain McRae fell overboard into the chilly waters of Burrard Inlet before the eyes of his mother. Mrs. McRae immediately jumped over after him, but being unable to swim both would have been drowned but for the prompt action of Tibbett, who plunged in after them. He succeeded in holding both above water until a boat arrived, though terribly exhausted. He could not have held them much longer. The same evening Tibbett was presented with a gold ring by Captain McRae.

—It is generally understood that the defence in the case of Hugh Lynn, committed to stand trial for the murder of John Green and Thomas Taylor, at Savary island, will not be ready to go ahead on May 15th. It seems unreasonable to expect that they should, as Mr. Davis was only called into the case a few days ago, and the crown will very likely assent to more time being given. It will probably be taken up last on the mainland or left to be tried here. It is really not settled where the trial will take place, but the prisoner was committed for trial before the first court of competent jurisdiction, and it was understood that the witnesses were to be at Vancouver on May 15th. An understanding on the whole matter will be reached in a few days.

—W. T. Judge, the theosophist, lectured at Philharmonic hall last night on Birth and Death There was a good attendance of local theosophists. The lecturer said birth and death were mysteries, the former bringing man into the world from where they knew not and the latter taking him to where they knew not. Death was but the throwing off of the body by the inner man. Death did not destroy the body; the body was only transformed into new forms of life. Character was not hereditary, but was in the man himself. In spiritual as well as in material things there was evolution. The speaker said the principles of theosophy were now becoming understood throughout the civilized world and theosophists were no longer being laughed at as cranks. Theosophy was a force in literature and the study of the science was receiving great attention. Mr. Judge will lecture in Port Townsend and Seattle and afterwards return to New York. He is delegate to the Theosophical convention in London in June. While here he was the guest of Mr. Berridge.

—The St. George's society have re-elected last year's officers.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. *

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—You should see our "carpet stock" (for the spring), the largest, best assorted and the very best value your money can buy. Weiler Bros. *

—The first concert of the season 1894, by the Victoria Choral Society, will be given on Wednesday evening next, May 9th, at 8 p.m., in Institute Hall, View street.

—The humorous and pathetic reciter, Grenville P. Kleiser of Toronto, will appear at the Y. M. C. A. hall next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, in a selected programme of popular pieces.

—The British Columbia Medical Council elected the following officers: Dr. J. M. Lefevre, president and treasurer; Dr. J A. Duncan, vice-president; Dr. G. L. Milne, registrar and secretary; A. E. McPhillips, solicitor. The next meeting of the council will be held in the city of Vancouver on the first Tuesday in September.

—Joseph Grismer and Phoebe Davies, assisted by a capable company, will be seen at the Victoria theatre on Saturday night, May 19, in the beautiful American drama entitled "The New South," which the Grismers have been successfully appearing in throughout the principal cities of the east. It is three years since these popular favorites have been seen here.

—A tourist party of Japanese gentlemen, arrayed in all the glory of European cast-off clothing, a magnificent melange of misfits, took the air on Government street this morning. Some of the visitors sported Japanese parasols made of paper ,and smiled complacently under the same as they trudged through the slush and water. They all looked happy in spite of the beautiful May weather.

—Two of the latest compositions for the pianoforte are from the pen of Harry M. Stoel, and one of them, a concert polonaise, "Le croix d'honneur," he has dedicated to the popular bandmaster of the B. C. B. G. A., J. M. Finn. Mr. Finn has made an arrangement of the polonaise for military bands, and will play it as soon as an opportunity presents itself. The other piece is a Spanish dance, "The Dance of the Lilies." Both compositions are very sweet and tuneful, and should win a liberal share of popular approval.

—The ball held at Port Hammond on the 1st instant was a great success. A large number attended. Music was furnished by the string band from Sumas City. At 12 o'clock supper was served. Among those present were: Mrs. Bodington, the Misses Bodington, Mrs. and Mrs. H. B. French, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Windebank, Mr. and Mrs. T. Nicholls, Mr. Stewart, Mrs. Stewart, Mr. McFarlane, F. T., A. L. and P. E. Lazenby, W. G. Newton, Mr. and Mrs. Bond, Mr. Powell, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Riddell, Mr. and Mrs. D. McLean, Misses Munday and R. C. Brooke.

—There was a very interesting meeting of the reception committee named to officiate during the coming celebration, at the city hall last evening. H. D. Helmcken presided in the absence of Mayor Teague, and there were a dozen members of the committee present. There was a long discussion as to the management of the barge on May 24th and it was decided to issue cards of invitaton to all strangers. It was decided to ask the finance committee for $300 for the proper reception of visitors. William Snyder, J. B. Gordon, and the chairman of the finance committee were made a supply committee and James Seeley, Wm. Christie, J. G. Elliott, and H. McDonald a committee to prepare the barge. Herbert Cuthbert was named as a member of the band committee.

—The steamship Victoria, Capt. Panton, arrived here from Yokohama last evening after an average passage across the Pacific. She brought 6 saloon, 7 intermediate and 275 steerage passengers. Of the latter only 59 were Chinese, the remainder being Japanese. The trip report of the ship is as follows: "Left Hongkong April 10, at noon; Kobe, April 17, at noon; and arrived at Yokohama at 2:40 p.m., April 18. Foggy weather on the China coast. Left Yokohama April 21, 6 a.m., spoke company's steamship Tacoma, April 22. Strong head winds to the meridian, after which much fog. In lat. 40 degrees 39 N., long. 156 degrees 46 W., passed sealing schooner Glen, of San Francisco, steering W.N.W. Time of passage, 14 days 4 hrs. 30 min." Three of the saloon passengers were lady missionaries returning from the Japan stations. Mr. Wheeler, manager of the Hongk house of Dodwell, Carlill & Co., Mr. Coutts, of the China Bank at Hongkong, and Capt. Burr, late of H. M. S. Porpoise, were also among the cabin passengers.

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For Three Dollar Cabinet Photos.
SKENE LOWE, 68 Gov't St.

LAW INTELLIGENCE

The Court Will Try Kindness First with a Youthful Offender.

William Johnson was brought up before Judge Drake this morning at eleven o'clock to receive sentence for attempting to committee suicide. He had cheered up since yesterday and his face wore a smile. His lordship told him it was an unfortunate thing to see a boy of his age—15 or 16—standing in the dock charged with the rash act of self-murder. From enquiries he had made he found out that he was a hard-working industrious boy, and as his mother was ready to take charge of him he would, as allowed under the code, inflict no punishment. His lordship further said that he understood he was to be sent to the country where he would be freed from the circumstances and causes which had induced him to attempt his life. He hoped this would prove a valuable lesson. His mother becomes his surety in $25 that he will come up when called upon, and that he will behave himself for six months.

Mrs. Johnson was in court this morning and was much relieved at the happy termination of the trial. This is the first case of the kind tried in the province since attempted suicide was made an offence under the new code. There have been two other cases in the police court but they were both dismissed.

The trial of Edmund Hanna and Ada Grant in the Hickey charge was concluded yesterday when each was sentenced to the same term as on the Salmon charge in the morning, so that now the man has four years in all in the provincial penitentiary and the woman two. Constables Palmer and Mouat told of the finding of the articles stolen in the house on View street on Friday and Saturday the 6th and 7th instant. Hanna told them he got the meat safe from the auction room near the city hall on Douglas street and the tools in Seattle. The clothing, he said, he knew nothing about. Mr. Dufour, proprietor of the auction room, was called and swore that he had never handled the safe at all. Catharine Hartney, the landlady of the prisoners, was called; she let the house in January last to Ada Grant. Mrs. Hartney amused the crowd by the good-natured and crisp answers she gave to the deputy-attorney-general. No witnesses were called for the defence. Mr. Smith, for the crown, asked for a conviction and Mr. Belyea replied. At the close of his address he pointed out to the judge that the statement made by Sergeant Walker that Hanna had once been arrested here for theft was wholly untrue and unwarranted as a search of the records showed that he had never been arrested. His lordship stated that as no conviction had been alleged he had not taken any notice of the statement. He then gave his judgment, holding both guilty. He said that it was clear to him that they had been furnishing their house at the expense of their neighbors as proved by the different articles of furniture. He sentenced Hanna to two years and Ada Grant to one year to commence to run at the expiration of their former sentence.

His lordship then ordered that the stolen property be restored to the rightful owners. The owners who were in court then came forward and claimed their property. Some of the stuff which was not well identified is retained by Hanna, but it was only a little. Amongst it was a lamp marked "Mrs. Fox" and the stove "Miss Galley." Mr. Belyea then asked that the prisoners' property not claimed by anyone be handed over—it is now held by the police who refuse to give it up—his lordship said he had no power to do so, their remedy was a civil one.

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge. *

THE CHURCHES.

(Announcements under this head are free. To ensure insertion the copy must be received before 3 p. m. on Saturday.)

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—Service at the usual hours. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor.

Emmanuel Baptist church—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Dr. John Lang will preach in the morning and the pastor in the evening. Subject for evening, "Over-ruled for good."

Metropolitan Methodist church—Sermons 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A. Evening subject, "The building of the Tabernacle, or that church of which God was architect and Moses the master builder."

Spring Ridge—Sunday school anniversary in the Odd Fellows' Hall at 3 p.m. Sermon to the children by Rev. John Robson, B.A., of Union.

Central church—Usual services. Mr. Marchant will preach in the morning and Rev. Ebenezer Robson in the evening.

Kings Road (R.E.) Mission, Evangelical Church of England, corner Third street—Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m.

Metropolitan Methodist church—Pastor, Rev. J. Hall. Quarterly love feast at 10 a. m., 11 a.m., Rev. Rowland Williams, of Skegness, Lincolnshire, Eng., will preach. 7 a.m., sermon by the pastor. At the close of the evening public service, the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

James Bay Methodist church—Service at 11 a.m. by the pastor, Rev. E. Robson, followed by communion, and at 7 p.m. by Rev. Jno. Robson, B.A., of Union.

Herald street Mission—Chinook service at 2:30 p.m. by Rev. E. Robson; English evangelistic service at 7 p.m.

Calvary Baptist church—Sunday: Services morning and evening by the pastor, Rev. Thos. Baldwin. Morning theme, "The glory of the Divine City;" evening, "The Divine Love;" 10:15 a.m., prayer meting in parlor; 3 p.m., Sunday school room; 6:15, B.Y.P.U. prayer meeting.

Thursday—8 p.m., regular prayer meeting. You are invited to all meetings.

Burnside Mission—Sunday, 2:30 p.m., Sunday school; 7 p.m., preaching service by W. Marchant.

Wednesday, 8 p.m., the pastor will preach. You are invited.

Marine.

The bark Richard III. is in Royal Roads. She will be towed to Nanaimo to load coal.

The sloop Benmore, in tow of the tug Lorne, left for Vancouver this morning.

The tug Active brought the barkentine Katie Flickinger, lumber laden, down from Vancouver this morning.

The Pacific Coast steamship Alki is at the outer wharf loading machinery, wrecking apparatus and iron from the wreck of the San Pedro.

The steamship Victoria left for Tacoma at seven o'clock this morning after discharging 350 tons of freight.

The collier Wellington is expected here from San Francisco this evening. She is to go on the marine slip.

Y.M.I.

Seghers Council, No. 85, Y. M. I., will hold its regular weekly meeting on Monday evening. At that meeting the council will elect delegates and alternates to the tenth grand council of the order, which convenes in San Francisco on June 25th. June 30th has been set aside as Institute day at the Midwinter fair, and the programme for that day will consist of a grand parade through the streets of San Francisco, thence to the fair grounds, after which exercises will be held in the large pavilion. In the evening there will be a grand display of fireworks. The supreme council will also convene in San Francisco during the same week. The supreme councill will consist of delegates from the Atlantic and Pacific jurisdictions.

Denials and Refusals.

New York, May 5.—Ex-President Harrison spent a quiet morning at the Fifth avenue hotel. He reiterated the statement that he was here on purely private business and not about politics. He declared the story of the purchase of newspapers in the west to boom him unfounded. He would not discuss the tariff, income tax or Coxey.

PERSONAL.

Geo. Brown went to Vancouver this morning.

Mrs. John Irving returned from the Sound last evening.

R. R. Hoge, of Portland is among those registered at the Driard.

A. L. Ryal and R. G. Penn, U. S. immigration inspectors, are guests at the Victoria.

D. P. Thompson left for Portland last evening after spending a few days in the city.

W. A. Lomas, Duncan's; A. E. Planta, W. E. Norris, Nanaimo, are registered at the Oriental.

At the Driard: W. G. Taylor, Chicago; A. Ainsley, Toronto; F. W. Clunes, Hamilton; E. M. Yarwood, Nanaimo.

Among the passengers from Vancouver by the Premier last night were M. Strouss, E. Escalet, Capt. Cates, Major Dupont and E. H. Fletcher.

At the Victoria Hotel: Jas. Deeming, Northfield; A. A. Boak, G. W. Hobson, John J. [illegible], H. T. Ceperley, A. N. Smith, C. F. Yates, Walter Graveriey, A. L. Ryals, R. G. Penn, Vancouver.

"A wolf in sheep's clothing"—the substitute offered by the "cutter" as being just as good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you don't want to be bitten, insist upon having Ayer's Sarsaparilla, even if it is a little dearer. Depend upon it, it will be cheaper for you

Our Rule:

"Do unto others as we would have others do unto us."

In Making Prices

We consider VALUES. It is not a matter of small cost, but of the equivalent of whatever is paid. That is the true estimate of economy.

We Are Governed

By the actual wearing quality of goods in naming prices. A dollar's worth of money for a dollar's worth of wear. Isn't that the better plan?

By Actual Values

In Spring and Summer Clothing for men and boys we hope and expect to retain your confidence, and we now present the

Latest Styles

In Spring Goods for inspection.

W. G. Cameron,
Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson Street.

JAPANESE
Flowers Plants and Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and will be opened in two or three days. A Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St.
A. WANIBE.

Great Slaughtering Bankrupt Stock Sale

The proprietor of THE STANLEY HOUSE has puschased through an agent here at a great discount FIVE CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS consigned to W. S. Hampson & Co., which will be opened Saturday, April 14th.

This lot consists of Dress Goods, Prints, Blouse Silks, Hosiery, Military Braids, Trimmings, Embroideries, Muslins, Etc.

These Goods will be marked the same as the present stock in plain red figures, at fully 50 per cent. less than they are usually sold at.

THIS IS A SNAP.

New Goods at about half price. Every lady in Victoria should see them.

THE STANLEY HOUSE,
Douglas Street.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B.C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST

(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	5⅝c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5⅜c. "
	Granulated, " "	4⅞c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	3¾ to 4½c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2¾c. "
	5 " "	$2.00 each.
	1 " Tins,	$4.25 per case of 10
	½ " "	5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 6.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 6 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

COMBINATION COUPON. FOR EITHER PARTS 1, 2, 3, 4 OR 5.
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Bring or send this Coupon with 10c for each part to the Times office and the part or parts selected of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

MODELS AND MASKS.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

In the ancient quarter of the city of Algiers, not so far from the dismantled citadel, or Kasbah, but that its evening shadows fell upon their abode, and still near enough to the great mosque of Djamaa el-Kebir for the muezzin's morning and evening salutation to the faithful to gather for prayers to be heard, two artists had figuratively pitched their tent among the Arabs for a winter's study of Moorish scenes and life.

Not altogether figuratively had their tent been raised. They had found a little habitation in one of the shadowy streets, off the Rue Ports Neuve, in which longed and snored their two servants and was stored their belongings, but which, after their artists' curiosity as to detail had been gratified, became so dark and prison like that they had transferred their actual habitation to the open terrace above.

Here, underneath a gaily colored awning, they worked and ate and slept, and in time grew to be familiar objects to the Moorish women upon the outstretching terraces above them, who, as the months slipped by became less heedful of their haik-hidden charms, and often, as if unguardedly, favored the young and excellently behaved infidels with tantalizing glimpses of beauteous face and form.

These artists were Harry Casselearth, an Englishman, and Jack Madder, an American. Casselearth was a figure painter, Madder a landscape artist. They had studied in Paris together, both had gained excellent reputations for their work, and ties of interest and sympathy held them together. These were the genuine friendship which had grown out of equal enthusiasm and fidelity in their vocation and the accidental and perhaps more important bond of being betrothed to sisters.

The latter bond had a somewhat curious origin. From motives of economy they had occupied a studio together in Paris. One morning while at work they were surprised by the entrance of five American ladies.

"Executed from the same model," said Madder under his breath to his friend.

"But a perfect model and wonderful execution," rejoined Casselearth, inviting the ladies to seats.

The five ladies might have been taken for sisters, ranging from twenty-five years of age to sixteen, or thereabout; and they were so frank and engaging in their manner, so winsome in their type of beauty and so self-possessed in their directness and modesty of speech, that the companion artists were at once aglow with enthusiasm and interest.

"We have been directed here in the hope of securing excellent portraits," said the elder of the ladies pleasantly. "I wish a portrait of each of my daughters."

"Your daughters, madam!" began Madder, after the fine manner of the French. "Your sisters, I should rather presume?"

"We should prefer the compliments on canvas," replied the lady quietly but engagingly; whereupon both the artists exclaimed, "Oh!" "Ah!" "Exactly!" or something of that sort in a confused way. Harry Casselearth was introduced as the portrait painter; and Mrs. Manley, before leaving the studio, had arranged for portraits of Miss Harriet Manley, and the Misses Edith, Emily and Cecil Manley, at a price which left the artists somewhat dazed and bewildered upon the ladies's departure.

"This is pure good luck, Madder! Do you know what it will do for us, old boy?"

"I know what it has done for me already, Harry," replied Madder gloomily. "I'm a goner this time!"

"Not—not the second one; not Miss Edith, Jack" asked Casselearth, in evident trepidation.

"No, the eldest, Harriet. I won't soon forget her name."

"Nonsense, Jack! This won't do for either of us. What I meant was that this twenty-five hundred francs will give us that glorious winter we have been praying for in Algiers. Funds are getting low all around, Madder. I'll do these portraits in six weeks' time, sure. Then by November we'll be off for the White City with the swallows!"

"You're a grand fellow, Harry! Wonder who they are, anyhow?"

"Oh, some of your enterprising, title-hunting countrywomen, no doubt. Let me see. Here's the order book and addresses. Um-m-m? Must be done at the earliest possible moment. Of course! That settles it. Americans—Pssh!—Zip!—Bang! Ordered by Mrs. Endicott Manley, Hingham, Boston, Mass, U. S. A. Do you know anything about Hingham, Boston, Mass., Jack?"

"Sure! Lovely old spot. Rich blue blood there. They're evidently somebody if they are Yankees, as you Britons call us, Harry."

"Somebody, Madder. I should remark! I never saw five so fine women together in one place in my life. By Jove! I'd marry the whole family, if I could—just for models, Jack! Besides, I never saw such a sweet, good look in a woman's eyes as glowed from Edith Manley's!"

"Why, didn't you notice Harriet's? Now it seemed to me there was a perfect radiance of calm and tender steadfastness in her's. Harry, I'd paint that girl's form for a Venus, and her face for Cecilia's, if I were you!"

The two artists here turned and faced each other for a moment with a puzzled look which gradually relaxed into an almost ludicrous smile. They nodded their heads for a little, when Casselearth said with a sigh,

"Jack, these portraits will be our ruin. We are in the same boat this time."

"I'm afraid we are Harry; and a boat that won't float into the right port, either!"

"Oh, well, we'll winter with the swallows, contemplate the Moorish beauties and forget what can't be hoped for," returned Casselearth cheerily, when they returned with extraordinary quiet to their work.

The sittings were rapidly given, and the four portraits were brought along together famously. The charming Mrs. Manley and her still more charming daughters invariably came to the studio together, and their presence grew to be a positive inspiration to the two artists. This came not only from the certain though unspoken attachment which was gradually developed between the elder daughters and the artists, but from the sympathetic appreciation by all the ladies, of complete and incomplete work within the studio.

There were many charming interiors and grouping of Normandy and Brittany peasants from the brush of Casselearth, with several Breton coast studies, valley landscapes and forest scenes by Madder; and while the work on the portraits was progressing the latter artist had in hand a fine canvas, "The Pillar Stones of Carnac."

The composition of the picture was remarkable. Far to the left and south gleamed the red roof peaks of Carnac. Beyond, the far reaching land arm of Quiberon and the steely blue sea, with a streak of light upon the watery horizon, carrying the perspective marvellously. Sweeping around to the right and to the northwest was a savage, moor-fringed coast. Before you, to an indefinite distance across a wind-whipped waste, stretched the upward groups of the weird Druidic relics of the past. A close, darkening sky, was broken to the right with black and rolling clouds. One felt the very wind whistling among the pillar stones grewsomely. It seemed to shake the moorland brambles wildly. It beat the stunted firs until they tossed along the northern horizon edge like the manes of chargers spured to conflict or to flight; and over the latter low, jagged clouds swept on furiosuly, as if tremendous wraith hosts of pagans old were re-entering their tenantless plains to reoccupy their drear and voiceless land.

Mrs. Manley and her daughter Harriet sat before this picture for hours. One day as the artist was touching up the ghostly pillar stones Mrs. Manley gave a little exclamation of protest and alarm. Harriet's hand almost as quickly touched her arm, but the artist, sensitive in his work, instinctively turned and confronted them with a look of anxiety and dismay.

"I beg your pardon," said the lady, with a genuine tone of apology, "but I am deeply interested in your paintings. So is Harriet. Some of your forest scenes are veritable Troyons."

Jack Madder flushed to the roots of his hair.

"So deeply interested indeed, that you must permit me to say you are giving your Carnac its one false note."

Jack stepped back from his picture and examined it ruefully. He would have painted a Hingham garden or Boston's old South Church in the foreground if it would have pleased the two women behind him; for he had seen the look of anxious solicitude that had crept into the daughter's face as she touched her mother's arm.

"Point it out, Mrs. Manley. It shall certainly be corrected!"

"The light is too high for those Druidic stones in the foreground. Why? Because under your lowering, close sky, those pagan relics—Harriet and I have seen them, Mr. Madder—should be quite dark, the darkest gray you can put on canvas. Your foreground should remain in almost a twilight. That would be true to the conditions you are endeavoring to depict. Besides, it gives intensity to the tremendous expression of elemental power and feeling to be conveyed, while heightening the magnificent effect of your almost limitless perspective centreing in the far thread of light upon the sea."

With a few strokes of the brush the artist had toned down the high lights into subtle, shadowy grays.

"Grandly done!" cried Mrs. Manley. "You will become a great artist, Mr. Madder."

The ladies left the studio, Harriet smiling with a winsome look of approval at the painter among his grays. He put aside the brushes and came to where the portrait painter was working with the greatest rapidity upon Miss Edith's face.

"Harry," he said, "these ladies are a revelation in womankind to me. Do you know that lady of fashion has just saved my Carnac."

"Not a whit more remarkable than what Miss Edith has accused me of."

"That you were madly in love with the original of the portrait, Harry?"

"Worse than that!" answered Casselearth with a groan. "I would have defied any Parisian painter to discover that great little trick of mine of 'rubbing in' my high lights with white, over a wet canvas, with my finger, fore fine feature molding; and yet Edith came up to this picture with a saucy, screwing motion of her pretty finger at the dimple in the face on the canvas, remarking, 'Wonderfully fine porcelain effects, Mar. Casselearth!' And then with a smearing motion of her little hand in front of the face, 'Where do you use the brush?' And the, 'Oh, oh, you artists are cunning!' Jack, I thought for a moment I'd go through the floor!"

"Confoud it, Harry! I believe any one of these women could come in here and outpaint us both!" With which Mr. Jack Madder returned gloomily to his pagan ruins of Carnac.

A few days later the last sittings, prolonged under various pretexts as far as possible by the artists, had been given. The backgrounds, the finishing touches and the drying, were all that remained to be done. The ladies had called; pleasure and gratification had been expressed over the work; payment for the portraits had been made; and after direction had been given for their casing and storage, the ladies, with the kindliest leavetakings had departed.

The two artists were still standing there together as if half determined to follow their fair patrons, when they heard the rapid pattering of feet along the hallway. In a moment more, Emily and Cecil Manley, the graceful hoydens of the party, appeared almost breathless at the doorway.

They were as a shining chain of light reaching from the two within the room to the elder sisters and the truants were welcomed heartily.

"Don't look pleased, now, for we've something very unpleasant to say; very," ventured Cecil archly.

"And are going to say it, if the girls and Mamma are offended, aren't we, Cecil?" continued Emily.

"It's this," rejoined Cecil with a pretty toss of her head. "We've found you out! You're just in love with our sisters!"

"Yes; and mother found you out long ago. There now!" insisted Emily.

"And she's been looking you up, by cable—you, in Kentucky, where you belong, Mr. Madder; and you, in Lancashire, where your home is, Mr. Casselearth;" blurted Cecil with ingenious honesty.

The two artists' two hands went up into the air and came together with resounding whacks, as though all were lost.

"Of course she found out you were very nice and all that," resumed Emily; "but—"

"Yes, but you see we, Emily and I," interrupted Cecil, "are tired of art and artists; awfully tired! We haven't heard anything else, in Boston, since we were so high," measuring the height of her knee daintily, "and we really, really now, don't want our home turned into a shop, you know!"

"And we don't like the smell of paint, either," added Emily earnestly. "So we made it up between us to run back and make you promise, like dear good men now, to never, never, never follow our sisters!"

"For they'll forget you in a little while, you see;" urged Cecil comfortingly.

"And you'll forget them in just no time, you know;" insisted Emily. "There's mother calling!—promise now, do!"

"Yes, do!" pleaded Cecil energetically.

"Oh, of course we promise!" they echoed radiantly together. "We'd do a little thing like that for you, certainly."

"That's just lovely! That's perfectly splendid!" they cried in chorus, waving pretty adieus at the smiling artists and scampering merrily away.

"Oh, yes, we'll promise, eh, Harry, old boy?" shouted Jack, grasping Harry's hand gleefully.

"We'll promise to see Mother Manley before eight o'clock to-night, or die in the attempt!" retorted Casselearth ecstatically. "There's American frankness for you Jack. Bless the souls and bodies of those little vixens! Don't like the smell of paint, either? And they're tired of art, too? Dear little worn-out hearts! Well, well, well!"

Then the figure painter and the landscape painter waltzed about the dim old Parisian studio until the dust was shook from their "properties," the portraits of the four girls trembling violently upon their ramshackle easels, and the grey old concierge, with an apologetic "Mon Dieu!" inserted his shaggy head within the doorway, to receive a polite dismissal and a five-franc piece for h's sympathetic and appreciative attentiveness.

Whatever their emotions that evening on their way to, or while visiting, the handsome Mrs. Manley at her hotel; whatever their diplomatic speeches of the earnest and kindly rejoiners of the loving and lovely mother; the two artists bore the proud air of victors when returning from ther bold mission. They had also received additional impressive revelations of character.

One of these was in the sentiment on the part of Mrs. Manley that, as her daughters had always been her dearest friends, she had regarded a settlement of respectability and earnest ambition upon them by their future life companions as of more importanceth an mere wealth. Out of this and other kind reciprocal sentiments grew a pleasant and hopeful, though serious compact.

This was in effect that, when the artists had been recognised by the admission of their work into either the Paris salon or the National Gallery of London, they should be at liberty, if the feelings of the interested parties remained unchanged, to proceed in life according to their hearts' dictation.

So it was with more than ordinary promptings to effort that the two artists had pitched their tent among the Arabs under the shadows of the Kasbah of Algiers, for a winter's study of Moorish scenes and life.

Enraptured as all artists are with the mysterious, undefinable charm of oriental life of old Algiers, Casselearth and Madder at once determined upon the largest breadth of study. First they made long trips into the country to familiarize themselves with the extraordinary atmospheric conditions of the region, without a knowledge of which no true painting of Algerian scenes can be made.

They next devoted themselves to the marvellous semi-tropical trees, plants and flowers. Days were devoted to so apparently simple a thing as a hedge of aloes. The palm, standing like a giant sentinel upon dreary height, clustered in ned and reaching its majestic branches groups along the dusty ways leading to the Sahara wastes, leaning in weird isolation beside some lonely tomb, or still rising above shadowy court or twilight street and reaches its majestic branches and pointed leaves to the glittering sunlight above the white gleaming walls, became an exciting triumph in mastery of its detail.

So, too, the bristling cacti, the wild palmettos which spread their luxurious fans so beautifully upon the ground, the almond orchards, the olive groves and masses of carob-trees, the hedges of Barbary fig, the dusky orange and lemon groves, lines of stately cypress, flowers and blossoming shrubs gorgeous as those of Cuba, and gnarled and stately eucalyptus trees which quiver and sough aboge the Moslem graves, were all, in infinite variation of light, shade, position and form, transferred in the artists' memorandum "bits" to their huge portfolios.

This done, the street life and architecture in all their dazzling and weird variety were taken up, bit by bit, piece by piece, the separate type and tone of each studied, contrasted, analyzed and mastered in detail and then in that larger and more important way of their true relation to each other; which finally brought them, after four months of unstinted and glorious labor to a decision of subjects for the canvas which would win them fame and wives together.

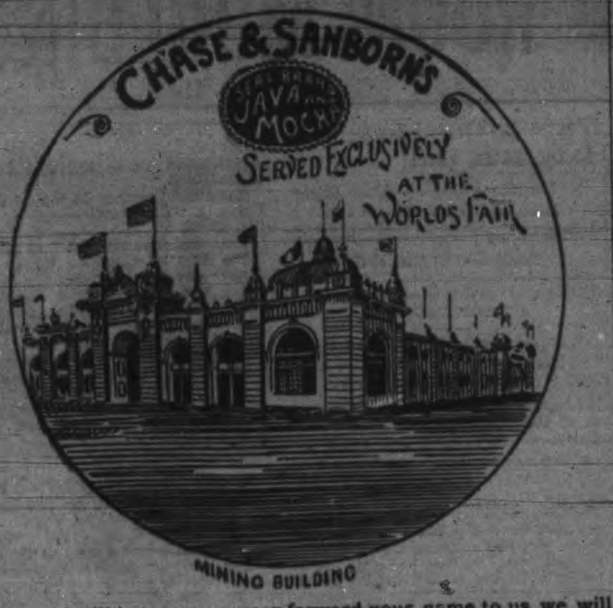
Jack Madder had settled upon "The White Dove at Sunrise." For a thousand years the Arabs had lovingly called their fair city on the hillside "the white dove." The scene was chosen from the very spot where they worked upon the terrace.

To the right and left in the lowest foreground were the copings of the roof terraces with Moorish women in various attitudes of idle contemplation of the glorious scene below.

It was a city of white roofs, cupolas and towers, sweeping down and away to the sea, the mass of white broken now and then by tiny courts filled with verdure and bloom, by awnings of strange, barbaric color, by pink, blue and saffron shutters, the whole gridironed by sinuous, crossing lines of shadowy winding streets; and at last descending into the gleaming white of the harbor sails, far, far below.

Then came the opalescent waters of the bay. A dark line beyond, like the horn of a bronzed crescent, showed where Cape Matifou swept around into the sea, whose puce-like gleaming suggested a bed of molten lava. Beyond, Djurdjura and the mountains of Kabylia, stretching far to the eastward, with the disk of the sun just rising above and filling all the perspective between the mountains and bay with dark and misty purples, flooding the zenith with rosy splendor and laying upon every object in the great distance between city height and mountain base a tinge of the opal's creamy pink.

The artist had not only reproduced a re-



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8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	Victoria	110	Ar	4 30 pm
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3 00 am	Lv	80	Seattle	30	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	Tacoma	[illegible]	Lv	8 00 am

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Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

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TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

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Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 2 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 1 Passenger Fri's, Sat's & Sundays.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

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Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILW

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J. R. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows

Calling at Way Ports as freight and p gers may offer:

Leave Victoria.......................Tuesday
" Nanaimo for Comox.........Wednesday
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.........Friday
" Nanaimo for Victoria.........Saturday

Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, Company's ticket office, Victoria Station.

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Our SPRING STOCK now complete.
Newest Shapes. Latest Styles. See them.

B. Williams & Co.,

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97 Johnson St.

markable scene, but had succeeded in conveying it by a volume of suggestiveness, which is the highest possible expression of art. One seemed to hear the innumerable sounds of an awakening city. You listened before the canvas for the muezzin's call to prayers at the mosques. The pigeons, soaring downward, not upward, into space, concentrated gaze and contemplation; while half revealed animate and inanimate life in posture and tone told, without words, the mysticism, the sensuousness and the hopeless enthrallment of oriental life.

Casselearth had chosen a score of subjects. Among these were the bazaars, Moorish women at the fountains, Kabalye caravans, Moorish women at the khoubs where they are supposed to pray, but in reality visit among the graves, an Algerian cafe, negro sacrifices by the sea, the Aissaoui, trial before cadi, a group of camels, Moslems at prayer in the grand mosque, an Algerian market scene, street artisans of Algiers, a Moslem burial, and the flowers of the terrace comprising a group of Algerian women embowered in flowers and shrubs upon the roofs at sunset.

But none of these filled his measure of ambition. Because the artists now realized what all should know, that no representation of life in the harem has ever been painted from living models actually existing in a Moslem household, he was determined to accomplish that feat, if within human possibility.

Their wise servant, a negro Moslem, Mohammed Ben Lazi, proficient in French, English and Arab patois, and cunning beyond all servants in extracting coin for continually blasted hopes, had innumerable times pretended to having all but secured the coveted privilege.

"Bismallah! Bismallah!" he woud cry, with tears of anguish streaming down his shining face as he announced successive defeats, "Allah has otherwise willed to Inglesy!"

Knowledge of their longings, their plots and their defeats had been whispered along the terraces. Fair Moorish women had even made merry at their expense, as they schemed and toiled. One group, a dozen or so terraces away, had of late been seen regarding them curiously with lorgnettes, apparently laughing and taunting as they looked.

"I will accomplish it," at last desperately vowed Casselearth, "if I am compelled to dig through roof walls and steal my views of genuine harems!"

"And get dragged off to a French court, with the populace of the Arab quarter howling at your heels? That wouldn't be a bad study in itself;" replied Madder nonchalantly. "I'll paint and sell the picture and get you out of hock with the proceeds! But what's up now?"

Mohammed Ben Lazi had come upon the roof in a state of great excitement. After handing Madder a letter he essayed to speak.

"Wait a minute; wait a minute, oh most faithful or the faithful! Let's see what this means first."

Hastily glancing over the letter's contents, with a sententious "More trouble, Harry!" he tossed the note to his friend.

"Well, Jack, I'm ruined if those Manely women get here before I've accomplished something. Let's see. Why, Jack, it is postmarked a month ago at Luzerne. Ten to one, they're here somewhere at this moment!"

"Mighty kind of those little wretches—pretty little sisters-in-law Emily and Cecil will make!—to disclose the intentions of the party to test our loyalty to Harriet and Edith, after we served the youngsters that trick at Paris, isn't it, now?"

"Grand; but I'd rather contend with the Old One than a lot of mischievous women with plenty of money, nothing but merry making on hand, no end of invitation, and perhaps half convinced that we are really flirting with these sheeted mummies around us. I'm for slipping away to Blidah, or even escaping as far as Biskrah."

"Never! We'll remain right here, Harry. Let them find us if they can. We'll work away like little men meantime. Perhaps we may turn their humor upon themselves. Blow off now, Ben, the Lazy! What's the matter, anyhow?"

"Allah smiles on the Inglesy;" replied, the servant solemnly.

"Well' that't jolly, Jack!" and "Good for Allah!" rejoined the artists.

At this sacrilege Mohammed Ben Lazi said a prayer into the palms of his two hands, rubbed his hands over his face and, as Harry observed, "This is really getting serious!" proceeded:

"A sheik makes pilgrimage. He is already gone. Inglesy shall paint his wives, who are a little, little wicked, like Inglesy!"

They sprang upon him in mock officiousness with "Over the garden wall you go this time, Ben, if this is another of your fine tricks!"

But Mohammed Ben Lazi, still greatly concerned, half dragged them to a corner of their roof and pointed to the far terrace where they had recently observed the group with the lorgnettes. They now saw the same Moorish women regarding with the greatest attentiveness the little play with their captive servant; but the moment Ben Lazi pointed towards them, they all disappeared precipitously with peals of laughter within their abode.

"See! see!" said Ben Lazi triumphantly. "Allah has so willed!"

Casselearth was nearly beside himself with excitement and expectancy, but Madder busied himself with essential diplomacy.

"Well, Ben, if this proves true, what are you to get?"

"Inglesy shall pay Mohammed Ben Lazi only one hundred francs for the great fortune."

"Good; but what are the absent sheik's naughty wives to receive?"

"Not one soldi from Inglesy. They venture all for jest. Thrice divorce awaits them if the sheik discovers. Their woman servant might reveal. Fifty francs to her would not be much to purchase her silence?"

"Done! When are we to come?"

"To-morrow; three hours after first prayers of day. But Inglesy must make vows."

"Jehosaphat! More trouble, Jack!" groaned Casselearth despairingly. "Give it a name, you wily Cerberus!"

"Inglesy must enter the house of the sheik no further than bidden. They must speak no word to the women of the harem. They must work only and go away. Six times they shall come—no more. When the picture is done, the great lady (the first wife) shall have its likeness for her venture."

"Duplicate, or photograph, he means, Harry. All right. Fly Ben to your houris and tell them we accept gratefully all their miserable conditions!" exclaimed Madder as Ben Lazi disappeared, evidently remorseful at not having driven a harder bargain.

"In the name of paint and canvas, how am I to do anything under these circumstances. We're to do nothing, say nothin, be nobody but a couple of peeping Toms! How am I to compose a study under such circumstances? It's impossible."

"Remember the old adage about beggars and choosers, Harry. We'll go ready for work and trust to luck. You catch everything possible in form, color and expression pertaining to the women, in whatever outlandish posture you may find them. I'll work in the architectural detail all around you. We'll do the 'lightning artist' act that way; and may get more than our money's worth after all from these captious and sinful women."

Jack Madder's prophesy was happily more than fulfilled.

On arriving at the glaring white and tomblike walls of the absent sheik's abode, they were admitted behind the grated street door into a lofy vestibule, where the master of the house transacted business and received his male friends.

The light was immediately excluded by rich hangings being drawn across the grating. From the vestibule they were brought through other grated doors to a little corner of the inner court. This had evidently been temporarily cut off from the remainder of the interior by curtains which fell in heavy folds from the ceiling to the floor.

In this close and shadowy place Mohammed Ben Lazi proceeded to unpack their easels, arrange their paints and brushes and fasten in place their large canvas; all in such manner that the artists, as they could judge from the structural relations of what they had already seen, should be givin a diagonal perspective of what the court might eventually disclose.

Making the best of their enforced situation, but still with much suppressed grumbling and protest, they at last professed themselves ready for work. Ben Lazi disappeared, and in a moment more, as if in response to the musical tinkling of a bell, the cutains in front of their canvas were swiftly and silently parted, when the two artists stood in amazed admiration before the most gorgeous picture their eyes had ever beheld.

It was a genuine Moorish patio or court. Splendid spiral columns of onyx beneath exquisitely carved marble horseshoe arches, formed a colonade extending around the entire quadrangle. These supported a gallery of precisely similar pattern, save that where the arches reached the quaint tiling of the roof, an entablature of marvelous fretwork in dazzling whiteness beneath the ends of the red, projecting tiles.

Above, was a reach of sapphire sky. In the shadowy depths of the gallery, opposite where the artists stood, were dim outlines of white interior arches, hung with curtains of crimson and gold, half concealing, yet half disclosing, the several apartments of the harem's occupants. At the rear of the court a cluster of banana trees and a huge palm hid the kitchen and other offices of the dwelling. Gorgeous vines clambered wantonly over column and arch to the roof tiles and seemingly disappeared in the sky's blue depths beyond: while in the dazzling contrast to the marble whiteness of the gallery balustrade were scarfs, or jackets, or sashes, here and there carelessly flung upon the rail as if from idle female hands.

More bewildering still to Casselearth and Madder was the human interest beneath. Just opposite them, a little to the left of the centre of the court and a trifle beyond the murmurous fountain, was a group of Moorish women. A master painter could not have more effectively composed their attitude and accessories.

Five were evidently the absent sheik's wives, or other inmates of the harem. Two, ravishingly beautiful and forming the nearest central figures, were half reclining at full length upon two gorgeous Persian rugs. They were facing each other, their lovely heads resting in their henna-stained hands, in turn supported by their elbows, giving the artists full view of the face, neck, breast and arms of one, and of the profile, head, arms, shoulders, back, waist and limbs of the other; while their attitude was one of loving converse.

Behind these giving three figures to the central group, was another, younger if not fairer, leaning against a column of the colonade and softly thumming a guitar. To the left, the eldest, still a rarely beautiful woman, was sitting with her side and back to the artists, a monstrous bare-armed negress, whom they afterwards knew as Fatma, lazily plaiting the heavy fold of her sable hair; while to the right of all, her bare feet dabbling in the spray of the fountain, and her bare shoulders like creamy marble in the sunlight, was the youngest of the harem; one arm reaching back to the floor tiling in dainty support of the other, stretched outward and upward toward white and fluttering doves, which she lured from the roof above her tiny fingers with proffered food.

Never before were artists so thrilled by canvas or by scene. Never were artists so ecstatic and impetuous in their work. And never were artists so increasingly bewildered as when, coming day after day to their hourly sittings—interrupted only by drawn curtains for the harem's rest and their own refreshment of coffee and violet sherbert, silently served by Fatma on seeneeyeh of silver and koorse of inlaid mother-of-pearl in cups and flagons of gilt, with spoons of tortoise shell—to find every pose, every attitude and every accessory reproduced for them in the most faithful and minute detail.

They had toiled like heroes, faithful of the harem's captiousness or some unforeseen mischance and not until nearly the end of the fifth day's labor had they felt sufficiently secure for an instant's comment upon their subjects or their extraordinary situation.

"Great Scott!" ventured Madder, sure of those models' ignorance of the English tongue, "now if we are ever lucky enough to marry into the Manley family and the ladies would only let their bodies out like these, our fortunes would certainly be made!"

"Nonsense!" returned his companion warmly, "American and English women are about as tractable as cast iron to an artist. Finest wives under the sun; but grand as those Manley ladies are, put them in poses like sheep, and in ten seconds they would all be drawn into the shapes of saw horses with a perfect colic of assumed modesty."

"Or would shriek in horror and run away. Confound it, Harry! Let's waylay the sheik and elope with the entire outfit."

"Agreed, Jack. I've noticed more than one kindly glance already from their kohl-circled eyes. Ben Lazi would do away with that old wretch for less than a hundred francs. Bring our work right into the palace, eh? Whew! what would into the palace, eh? Whew! what won't Harriet and Edith say if they could hear us going on this way?"

"We'd get the sack, sure! But Harry, do you know you're painting all these Manley ladies here, rather than these Moorish women?"

"Can't help it, Jack. I've tried my best to keep their forms and features out of the composition. I can't do it altogether, what's up now?"

The artists were here startled by the quick drawing of the curtains, while smothered laughter from the harem was distinctly audible.

"Short shift to-day! Time's not nearly up, either. They can't defeat us now. You're bound for the Paris salon, Harry, Edith or no Edith!" With which they withdrey to their workshop on the distant terrace.

They were promptly at work the next morning with the flush of vigor upon them, for drawing and detail were now so perfected that nothing short of complete destruction of Casselearth's canvas could prevent its successful completion.

In this condition of feeling they were indulging in further light and airy badinage.

"Jack," insisted Casselearth with some feeling, "I'm half in love with the entire harem and wholly in love with that central figure facing us. To me she is Edith Manley reincarnated in that Moorish woman. If I lose Edith, I'll return here for that houri if I have to murder the old sheik myself!"

"By Jupiter!" That's precisely my feeling for her companion, the one with her face half turned this way. I'll make the same confession about her. We'll be companions in crime, and divide the harem between us!"

The words were no more than spoken when the silvery bell again rang and the curtains closed upon them.

"Our sentiments seem to have an odd effect upon the machinery of this place!" exclaimed Casselearth in alarm.

"Not time for coffee, either!" returned Madder impatiently.

They waited for a long time in silence. Much hurried rustling was heard within the court. The two men wispered together in puzzled trepidation. Suddenly Mohammed Ben Lazi appeared, apparently overcome by fright and agitation.

"Bismallah! Bismallah!" he groaned, "The sheik!—the sheik!" and then suddenly vanished in the direction of the street entrance.

"We're in for it now, Madder! Will we murder him sure enough?"

"Murder nothing! his companion whispered, as a loud summons was heard somewhere in the vicinity of the vestibule. "I'll put up my fivers with the old rascal, while you get out of here lively with that wet canvas!"

A clang of the grated door was heard. Ejaculations of "Bismallah!" from the lips of their servants followed. The crouching Esteneers heard rapid strides past then in the direction of the centre of the court. Casselearth, canvas in hand and prepared for flight, and Madder in attitude of aggressiveness or defiance, slinking back against the wall, again heard the tinkle of the silvery bell.

Instantly the curtain was drawn. A flood of light and laughter poured in upon them. For there they saw, not the harem being beheaded by the gleaming scimitar in the hands of the vengeful sheik, but the laughing, triumphant, uproarious faces of their betrotheds, mother, hoyden sisters and all, in becoming Christian atire, with their real sheik beside them, as fine a little Boston business man as ever gloated over a lobster salad or wore side whiskers, convulsed with merriment and enjoying the artists' discomfiture and his family's brilliant gibes and taunts as the greatest lark of all his happy life.

But Harry Casslearth and Jack Madder nevertheless did find entrance to the Paris salon with their splendid paintings of "The White Dove at Sunrise," and "In the Harem;" they did gain the hands of the women they loved; and while they have lived to change their conversation regarding some artistic qualities of English and American women, they have never been led to confess regret for their free-hand conversations in a certain Algerian interior, while the victims of merry models and masks.

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FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 50 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NOTES.

Some Posers for the Premier—Another Newspaper Promised.

D. W. Dwyer, D. D. G. M. of the C. O. F., accompanied by several of the city brethren, will this evening pay an official visit to Riverside Lodge, at Nanaimo River.

A public meeting will be held in Mahrer's opera house on Thursday evening in support of Mr. James McGregor's candidature. Premier Davie will be the principal speaker. The meeting will be open to all.

R. Lukey is now moving his job printing plant to Wellington, where he will carry on business in future. Very shortly the Wellington Weekly News will make its appearance published by R. Lukey in conjunction with J. Lowry, a former Free Press compositor.

At last evening's meeting of Gospel Temperance Union, a committee of three, Paul Williamson, R. Booth and George Campbell, were appointed to interview Premier Davie on his visit to this city next week. The object of the interview is to obtain from the premier a definite statement with regard to his stand on temperance questions. He will be invited to declare himself either for or against the legislation proposed by the temperance bodies of the province.

Messrs. Vidal and Cross returned to New Westminster this morning well satisfied with the arrangements made for the entertainment of visitors on the 24th. They anticipate a very big excursion from Vancouver and New Westminster.

Marshal Bray, government agent, went through the North Nanaimo district this afternoon to inspect the roads and map out the work for the season. The south district will be visited in due time.

Scotch Dress Goods 10 Yards $1
At Russell & McDonald's.

Brief Locals.

—During the summer months all the shoe dealers will close their stores at 7 p.m.

—The Calvary Baptist church social at the residence of Mrs. W. A. Dier was well attended. The programme included music, recitations and parlor games. Refreshments were served.

—A letter from Captain J. G. Cox, received on the steamship Victoria, brings news that the schooner Umbrina has 850 skins, City of San Diego 400, Penelope 400, and Carlotta G. Cox 480. The last named schooner had not come in for her three boats when the Victoria left Yokohama, but was expected every day.

—The bark Richard III is in Royal Roads, 19 days from San Francisco, after the stormiest passage she ever made. Captain Howard, master of the vessel, says it was the worst he ever experienced in a life spent on the sea. He wanted to dock his vessel on the marine slip, but will probably not have the opportunity until the next trip.

—It is believed that the first sealers of the coast fleet will reach port late next week. The Pheasant will certainly have warned all by this time, as seven days' steaming would take her far beyond Sand Point. The captains all have orders from their owners to immediately square away for home, and it is believed that some of them are fully a week out on the way home to Victoria.

—The Provincial board of underwriters met in annual session this morning in the office of Mr. Elliott, Five Sisters block. There were delegates from Vancouver, Westminster and Nanaimo. The annual reports were presented and referred to the proper committees. The meeting is in session this afternoon. The uniform mortgage clause in insurance policies is one of the subjects of discussion. Officers were to be elected to-night.

—A San Francisco special says: "The trim little steamer Rosalie, which is to run between Puget Sound ports and Alaska in opposition to the Pacific Coast steamship company, was to-day brought over from Oakland creek and tied up to Mission wharf. The Rosalie has undergone many changes. Her cabin has been altered and an upper deck built which contains a number of neat staterooms. In her social hall the seats are arranged like the seats in a Pullman car, a new and unique idea."

—Three cartloads of Chinese were driven up Government street to Chinatown this morning. They had not been to the suspect station, the authorities having decided not to give the in-coming Celestials any more baths until the health by-law has been altered and the supreme court has passed upon the authority of the city to re-examine the Chinese after the Dominion government inspection. The Chinese have taken the initiative in the case. Wong Hoy Woon has taken action against Dr. George Duncan, medical health officer, for false imprisonment. The Celestial was a passenger by the Empress of China, and together with 55 other Celestials was kept 24 hours in the suspect station and fumigated.

—A. F. McCrimmon, of the Steam Laundry, charged Charles Sinclair in the police court to-day with using threatening language. Sinclair is said to have threatened to crack McCrimmon's skull. Sinclair was engaged by McCrimmon. A quarrel took place over the payment of wages. McCrimmon discharged Sinclair and Sinclair is said to have threatened him because he would not sign an agreement that the board of Sinclair had been paid at the New York hotel. McCrimmon refused to sign, but Mr. McIntosh, a partner, afterwards settled the matter. Sinclair is said to have threatened to burn the laundry. Case dismissed. A counter-charge of assault brought by Sinclair against George McLeod, an employe of the laundry, was dismissed.

—The yacht racing during the celebration promises to be better than that of last year, when, in the opinion of many, it was the greatest feature of the celebration. There will be more yachts from the Sound, and a larger number of British Columbia yachts will be here to compete this year. The matter has been enthusiastically taken up in the Sound cities and a letter already received from Capt. E. B. Leaming, of Fairhaven, promises that Bellingham Bay will sent a fleet of seven or eight boats. It will be remembered that Capt. Leaming sailed the skimming dish, The Myth, to victory last year. The matter is also being taken up in Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma and Port Angeles. The Valage and Victoria are being made ready for racing. Capt. Kirk, owner of the former, is not here but the yacht will be sailed by James Seeley.

The Brackman & Ker
MILLING CO., Ltd.,
VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
IN ALL KINDS OF . . . . . .
GRAIN & MILL PRODUCTS
125 GOVERNMENT ST.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE TURF.

DIRECTUM INJURED.

Chicago, May 5.—Directum, king of trotting stallions, may not be seen on the turf this year. This will be sad news to trotting enthusiasts, who have believed his chances the best of any horse upon the turf for lowering the record of 2.04. While Directum was being driven from Dublin to Pleasanton, Cal., to take his place in the Hickock training stables, he fell, badly injuring both his fore legs. One of them is in such a condition that grave doubts are entertained as to whether he will be able to stand training this year.

AVINGTON WINS JUBILEE.

London, May 5.—The race at Kempton Park for the great Jubilee stakes of three thousand sovereigns was won by Avington; Prisoner, second; El Diablo third.

SUSPECTED OF "PULLING."

San Francisco, May 5.—The San Francisco board of stewards of the Jockey club has suspended Chas. Kingsley and Geo. Sose, two prominent book-makers of this city, from the Bay District track on suspicion of being concerned in the "pulling" of Dan Miller's horse King, the same offence for which the jockey was ruled off the turf for life some time ago.

THE RIFLE.

THE SPECIAL PRIZES.

Hon. J. H. Turner has offered as a prize in the annual competition of the British Columbia Rifle association a very fine rifle. The Dorothy medal will be again put up by H. D. Helmcken, and Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.A.G., will also offer a special prize. The meeting this year at Goldstream will be made the greatest in the history of the association.

THE RING.

NO MORE BOXING.

New York, May 5.—Superintendent Byrnes has issued orders forbidding boxing exhibitions in this city.

3 Yards D. Width Dress Goods $1
At Russell & McDonald's.

Incoming Passengers

San Francisco, May 5.—Passengers by the steamer Walla Walla which sailed this morning for Victoria are: T. J. Ford, J. F. Hawks, Louis Geppel, Miss A. Hitchcock, Mrs. H. C. Halpenny, T. J. St. Stephens, W. A. Lawson, C. Clutes and wife, D. Mills, W. C. Maxwell, V. Leuhn, A. Doran, H. Grout, A. J. W. Bridgman and wife, Mrs. Raynor, Mrs. Hooper, Miss Fell, Mrs. Piper, Mr. Fell, Hon. D. W. Higgins, Mrs. Croft, E. Dunsmuir, C. K. O'Reilly, Mrs. Stewart, N. Dean, Arthur Stewart, A. S. Hall, J. B. Jones, J. B. Caldwell, J. Vanbremer, Chas. White, A. Fawcett, D. Guthrie and wife, J. Williams and F. W. Clarke.

Ontario's Parliament.

Toronto, May 5.—The business of the present session of the Ontario legislature was finished last night by the passing of the redistribution bill. This has been the longest session held in twenty years. Prorogation will take place this afternoon.

Press and Telegraph.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—The president of the Westren Union Telegraph Co. has issued a statement denying the charge that a combination has been entered into between the press associations and the telegraph company to prevent the establishment of rival newspapers. It is said any other combination of papers can get the same rates as those paid by the press associations.

Domestic Infelicity.

Monterey, Cala., May 5.—Jos. Hall, an employe of the Club stables, who has been married only three weeks, quarrelled with his wife last night and locked her out. This morning he sent for her, and as she entered the room he placed a revolver to her face and fired. He then turned the pistol on himself and sent a bullet through his skull, dying in ten minutes. The wife is not seriously hurt.

FREDERICKS THE ASSASSIN.

Makes a Desperate Attempt to Gain His Freedom.

San Francisco, May 5.—Fredericks, the convicted murderer of bank cashier Herrick, made a desperate attempt to break jail here early this morning. About half an hour after midnight he picked the lock of his cell, placed a dummy in his bed to deceive the night patrol, and hid in the room adjoining until about a quarter after two o'clock, when all was quiet. At that time Corporal Parrot, the jailer in charge, while going along the corridor, passed the murderer's cell, and was attacked from behind by Fredericks, who struck him over the head with a piece of iron gas pipe wrapped in a blanket, the blow felling him to the ground. The desperado took a bunch of keys from the jailer, rushed to the outer door and attempted to open it. Parrott having recovered from the blow, grappled with the prisoner and a desperate struggle ensued. Sergeant Shields, who was in a room close by, hearing the commotion, rushed to Parrott's assistance.

Fredericks in the meantime tried to fell both men with his iron "billy." Shields, fearing the criminal might overpower them both, fired at Fredericks with his revolver but missed him. The convict immediately desisted and was finally overpowered, handcuffed and chained.

Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers. Hood's Sarsaparilla counteracts its deadly poison and builds up the system.

HERE AND THERE.

It is said that the human hair will turn white during violent emotion if the hand is laid upon it.

To be perfectly proportioned a man should weigh twenty-eight pounds for every foot of his height.

Three unstable things of this unstable world are—the wind, April sunshine and woman's plighted faith.

A check for £5,333,650 on the Bank of England, in payment for the Kimberley diamond mines, is said to be the largest ever drawn.

Big Bargains in Dress Goods
At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Geo Truesdale, Mrs Smith, W O Judge, Mrs James Munger, Wm O'Flaherty, Jas Bryan, Victor Rowe, C Tretch, E O Schwenger, J T Egan, Jas Purdy, H Ruse, Wm O'Connor, Miss A Gibson, W B Balch and wife, P Kennedy, J Griffiths, Mrs John Irving, J Goslin, Miss B Snyder, Miss C Davis, H E David, T T Tyler.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—E H Fletcher, A L Ryals, Capt Cates, Major Dupont, R G Penn, M Strouss, G W Hobson, H T Ceperley, W E Graverly, A A Boak, A N Smith, C F Yates, A W Ross, J J Hart, J J Banfield, J Dixon, E Coffield, C M Cole, Mrs Cole and servant, S D Frith, H Poppey, Miss Whittaker, J McGinnes, C Tweedy, R C Montgomery, W Lanning, C H Townley, J R Smith, A Huntley, E Escalet, Mrs Lewis, A McIntyre, J H Livermore, A Ainsly, Nellie Thompson, A W Ouney.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Hastie & Bannerman, Jos Sommers, American Wringer Co, S Leiser & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Thos Earle, Oppenheimer Bros, Wm McKane, J H Todd & Son, T Mills, B & K, R Baker & Son, F R Stewart, McMillan & Hamilton, J W Mell & Co, G T Corfield, Valo & Brooks, S Leiser, E G Prior & Co, S M Hartman, S L & Co, Winch & Bowers, C E Rogers, T Sarantis, John Porter & Son, John Mitchell, B Van Volkenburg, Jay & Co.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—You On, Kum Fook Yuen, Yee Cheong, Ching Cheong, Hip Loong, Lenz & Leiser, D Spencer, R P Rithet & Co, T B & Co, S Leiser, J Barnsley, B C Cattle Co, A Barker, H G Marquis, John Tollich, W Blackie, Wilson Bros, Dom Express Co.

With but little care and no trouble, the beard and moustache can be kept a uniform brown or black color by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

Mrs. J. H. HOERSNYDER, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1460 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I know it is the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

USE PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER
FOR ALL BOWEL TROUBLES

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought
30 per cent. below
cost price.........

IN

Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT

A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

FRESH and RELIABLE

Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS,

Now ready to select from

C. A. McTAVISH,
9 Park Road, Victoria.
Catalogues mailed free.

A Boon to Horsemen.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifles and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
LIMITED.

Agricultural Implements.
Builders Hardware.
Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Priestley's Cravenettes
(In light and medium-weight goods)
Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:
Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's.

The cheap and vile-smelling matches
That splutter and will not light
Can no more be compared with
E. B. Eddy's matches than a tallow
Candle compares with electric light.
"Telegraph," "Telephone" and "Parlor"
matches maintain unquestioned supremacy.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

VICTORIA SOAP CO.,
Removed to New Quarters, Cor. Herald & Gov't Sts.,
Manufacturers of Laundry and Toilet Soaps,
ALSO WASHING SODA AND AMONIA.

SPECIAL BRANDS
Findley's Borax Soap—For Flannels Especially.
Findley's Electric Soap—For Quick Laundry Work.
Queen City Savon—An All Round Family Article.
Toilet Soaps, i.e.—Castile, Glycerine, Brown Windsor, Cocoanut, Boquet and Various other Brands.
Marine Soap—For use in Salt Water. This Soap washes equally well in salt as in fresh water.

Tallow and Grease Bought. F. S. FINDLEY, Mgr.

Queen's Birthday Celebration.

IF you are too late for a BOAT get some of

PENDRAY'S IVORY SOAP

It floats upon the water and is the best SOAP for the BATH.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

And don't be put off with another kind, for PENDRAY'S is the best.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea
80 cents per lb.
R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

NOLTE'S PATENT

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

The Very Finest
New Season's

MAPLE SYRUP

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Erskine, Wall & Co's
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.